REMARKS

This case contains claims 1-11, 13, 15-17, 19, and 21-25 with the entry of this Preliminary Amendment. The present application is a divisional of co-pending U.S. Patent Application No. 07/983,647 which is a CIP of a series of related applications. Patents containing the subject matter containing CD19 and CD40 have been issued. Therefore, claims (claims 1, 2, 12, 14, 18, and 20) pertaining to these subject matters have been canceled. Claims 1 and 2 have been amended to recite CD53 and TliSA. Support for CD53 is found from page 112, line 30 to page 114, line11 and Table 9, and support for TLiSA is found from page 88, line 3 to page 89, line 5 and Table 3 in the Specification. The Specification has been amended to correct inadvertent typographical errors and to add the reference numbers to the Sequence Listing. None of the amendments made herein constitute the addition of new matter.

Conclusion

Based on the foregoing amendments and remarks, this case is considered to be in condition for allowance. Passage to issuance is respectfully requested.

If there are any outstanding issues related to patentability, the courtesy of a telephone interview is requested, and the Examiner is invited to call to arrange a mutually convenient time.

This amendment is accompanied by a Petition for Extension of Time (one month) and a check in the amount of \$110.00 as required under 37 C.F.R. 1.17(a)(1) for a large entity. If the amount submitted is incorrect, however, please charge any deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 07-1969.

Respectfully submitted,

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Docket No.: 11-88L nnr: October 18, 2001 US Serial No: 09/836,544

Amended Claims - Version with markings to show changes made.

- (Once amended) A cloned cDNA segment encoding a cell surface antigen selected from the group consisting of CD1a, CD1b, CD1c, CD2, CD6, CD7, CD13, CD14, CD16, [CD19,] CD20, CD22, CD26, CD27, CD31, CD2w32a, CDw32b, CD33, CD34, CD36, CD37, CD38, CD39, [CD40,] CD43, CD53, TLiSA, and functional derivatives thereof.
- (Once amended) A substantially pure protein selected from the group consisting of CD1a, CD1b, CD1c, CD2, CD6, CD7, CD13, CD14, CD16, [CD19,] CD20, CD22, CD26, CD27, CD31, CD2w32a, CDw32b, CD33, CD34, CD36, CD37, CD38, CD39, [CD40,] CD43, CD53, TLiSA, and functional derivatives thereof.
- 15. (Once amended) Substantially pure cDNA comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in [Figure 15] Figures 14A-14B, or a functional derivative thereof.
- 16. (Once amended) Substantially pure cDNA comprising the nucleotide sequence shown in [Figure 16] Figures 15A-15B, or a functional derivative thereof.
- 21. (Once amended) Substantially pure protein having the amino acid sequence shown in [Figure 10] Figures 10A and 10B, or functional derivative thereof.

US Serial No: 09/836,544

Amended Specification - Version with markings to show changes made.

In the Specification:

Please replace the first paragraph on page 1 under the title with the following:

This application is a divisional of co-pending U.S. Patent Application No. 07/983,647, filed December 1, 1992; which is a continuation-in-part co-pending U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 07/553,759 [553,759], filed July 13, 1990; which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 07/498,809 filed March 23, 1990 (abandoned); which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 07/379,076, filed July 13, 1989 (abandoned); which is a continuation-in-part of co-pending U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 07/160,416 [160,416], filed February 25, 1988 (abandoned). Each of these predecessor applications and all references cited herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

Please replace fourth paragraph on page 10, from line 33 to page 11, line 9 with the following:

A further aspect of the present invention comprises a synthetic transcription unit for use in a cDNA expression vector, comprising a chimeric promoter composed of human cytomegalovirus AD169 immediate early enhancer sequences fused to HIV LTR -60 to +80 sequences. The small size and particular arrangement of the sequences of the cDNA expression vector of the present invention allow highly efficient replication in host mammalian tissue culture cells, such as COS cells. Moreover, this vector employs a polylinker containing two inverted BstXI sites separated by a short replaceable DNA segment, which allows the use of a very efficient oligonucleotide-based cDNA insertion strategy.

Please replace third paragraph on page 12 from line 22 to line 32 with the following:

The purified genes and proteins of the present invention are useful for immunodiagnostic and immunotherapeutic applications, including the diagnosis and treatment of immune-mediated <u>diseases</u>,

infections, [diseases,] and disorders in animals, including humans. They can also be used to identify, isolate and purify other antibodies and antigens. Such diagnostic and therapeutic uses comprise yet another aspect of the present invention. Moreover, the substantially pure proteins of the present invention may be prepared as medicaments or pharmaceutical compositions for therapeutic administration. The present invention further relates to such medicaments and compositions.

Please replace the first paragraph on page 13, from line 2 to line 15 with the following:

Figures 1A-1B [Figure 1]. Nucleotide sequence of expression vector piH3 (SEQ ID NO:1)

Nucleotides 1-589 are derived from pMB1 origin (pBR322 ori); nucleotides 590-597 are derived from the SacII linker (ACCGCGT); nucleotides 598-799 are derived from the synthetic tyrosine suppressor tRNA gene (supF gene); nucleotides 800-947 are derived from a remnant of the ASV LTR fragment (PvuII to Mlu1[MIu1]); nucleotides 948-1500 are derived from the human cytomegalovirus AD169 enhancer; nucleotides 1501-1650 are derived from HIV TATA and tat-responsive elements; nucleotides 1651-1716 are derived from the piLNXAN polylinker (HindIII to Xba); nucleotides 1717-2569 are derived from pSV to splice and poly-Adenylation [Addition] signals; nucleotides 2570-2917 are derived from the SV40 origin of replication (PvuII to (HindIII); and nucleotides 2918-2922 are derived from piVX, remnant of R1 site from polylinker.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 13, from line 16 to line 22 with the following:

Figures 2A-2B [Figure 2]. Nucleotide sequence of the CD2cDNA insert (SEQ ID NO:2)

Nucleotide numbering is given in parentheses at right, amino acid numbering, left. Locations of the potential sites for addition of asparagine-linked carbohydrate (CHO) are shown, as well as the predicted transmembrane (TM) sequence. The amino acid sequence is numbered from the projected cleavage site of the secretory signal sequence.

Please replace the first paragraph on page 14, from line 1 to line 9 with the following:

Figures 4A-4B [Figure 4]. Nucleotide sequence and corresponding amino acid sequence of the LFA-3 antigen (SEQ ID NO:4)

WOP cells transfected with a clone encoding the LFA-3 antigen were detected by indirect immunofluorescence, amplified and sequenced. Figure 4A [(A)] shows the 874 base pair insert containing an open reading frame of 237 residues originating at a methionine codon, and terminating in a series of hydrophobic residues. Hydrophobic and hydrophilic regions within this open reading frame are shown in Figure 4B [(B)].

Please replace the third paragraph on page 14, from line14 to line 21 with the following:

Figures 6A-6B [Figures 6]. Nucleotide sequence of the piH3M vector (SEQ ID NO:6)

There are 7 segments. Residues 1-587 are from the pBR322 origin of replication, 588-1182 from the M13 origin, 1183-1384 from the supF gene, 1385-2238 are from the chimeric cytomegalovirus/human immunodeficiency virus promoter, 2239-2647 are from the replaceable fragment, 2648-3547 from plasmid pSV2 (splice and polyadenylation signals), and 3548-3900 from the SV40 virus origin.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 14, from line 22 to line28 with the following:

Figures 7A-7B [Figures 7]. Nucleotide sequence of the CD28 cDNA (SEQ ID NO:7)

Nucleotide numbering is given in parentheses at right, amino acid numbering, center and left. Location of the potential sites for addition of asparagine-linked carbohydrate (CHO) are shown, as well as the predicted transmembrane (TM) sequence. The amino acid sequence is numbered from the projected cleavage site of the secretory signal sequence.

Please replace the fifth paragraph on page 14, from line 29 to page 15, line 3 with the following:

Figures 8A-8B [Figures 8]. Nucleotide sequence of the CD7 cDNA insert (SEQ ID NO: 9)

Nucleotide numbering is given in parentheses at right. Splice donor and acceptor sites indicated by (/). The location of the potential sites for addition of asparagine-linked carbohydrate (CHO) are shown, the potential fatty acid esterification site is denoted (*), and the predicted transmembrane domain (TM) is underlined. Nucleotide sequences potentially involved in hairpin formation are denoted by (.). The presumed polyadenylation signal is underlined.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 15, from line 4 to line 11 with the following:

Figures 9A-9B [Figures 9]. Nucleotide sequence of the CDw32 cDNA (SEQ ID NO:10)

Nucleotide number is given in the parenthesis at right, amino acid numbering, center and left. Locations of the potential sites for addition of asparagine-linked carbohydrate (CHO) are shown, as well as the predicted transmembrane (TM) sequence. The amino acid sequence is numbered from the projected cleavage site of the secretory signal sequence. Cysteine residues are underscored with asterisks.

Please replace the third paragraph on page 15, from line 12 to line 18 with the following:

Figures 10A-10C [Figures 10]. Sequence of the CD20.4 cDNA (SEQ ID NO:11)

Figures 10A-10B[A]. The sites of potential N-linked glycosylation are denoted by the symbol - CHO-; the hydrophobic regions are underscored. The site of the poly(A)⁺ tail in clone CD20.6 is denoted by an asterisk.

Figure 10C [B] presents a hydrophobicity profile of the amino acid sequence in Fig. 10A-10B[A].

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 15, from line 19 to line 29 with the following:

Figures 11A-11C [Figures 11]. Sequence of ICAM-1 (SEQ ID NO:13)

Complete nucleotide sequence of ICAM-1 cDNA insert and predicted protein sequence. Nucleotide numbering is at left, amino acid numbering, center. The RGE motif at position 128 is underlined, the potential N-linked glycosylation sites are indicated by -CHO- and the transmembrane domain by -TM-. The amino acid sequence is numbered from the projected cleavage site of the signal peptide. Sequencing was by dideoxy-chain termination (Sanger, F., et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 74:5463-5467 (1977)), using a combination of subclones, and specific oligonucleotides.

Please replace the fifth paragraph on page 15, line 30 with the following:

Figures 12A-12B [Figures 12]. Nucleotide sequence of CD19 (SEQ ID NO:15)

Please replace the sixth paragraph on page 15, line 31 with the following:

Figures 13A-13B [Figures 13]. Nucleotide sequence of CD20 (SEQ ID NO:16)

Please replace the first paragraph on page 16, line 1 with the following:

Figure 14A-14B [Figure 15]. Nucleotide sequence of CDw32a (SEQ ID NO:17)

Please replace the second paragraph on page 16, line 2 with the following:

Figures 15A-15B [Figures 16]. Nucleotide sequence of CDw32b (SEQ ID NO:18)

Please replace the third paragraph on page 16, line 3 with the following:

Figure 16 [Figure 17]. Nucleotide sequence of CD40 (SEQ ID NO:19)

Please replace the second paragraph on page 18 from line 5 to line 30 with the following:

The guanidium thiocyanate/CsCl method of isolating total RNA is preferred. More preferred is a guanidium thiocyanate/LiCl variant of the GuSCN/CsCl method, which has added capacity and speed. Briefly, for each ml of mix desired, 0.5g GuSCN are dissolved in 0.58 ml of 25% LiCl (stock filtered through 0.45 micron filter) and 20 1 of mercaptoethanol is added. Cells are spun out and the pellet is dispersed on walls by flicking, add 1 ml of solution [to] up to 5 x 10⁷ cells. The resulting combination is sheared by polytron until nonviscous. For small scale preps (less than 108 cells) layer 2 ml of sheared mix on 1.5 ml of 5.7M CsCl (RNase free; 1.26g CsCl added to every ml 10 mM EDTA pH 8), overlay with RNase-free water and spin SW55 50k rpm 2h. For large scale preps, layer 25 ml on 12 ml CsCl in a SW28 tube, overlay, and spin 24k rpm 8h. Aspirate contents carefully with a sterile pasteur pipet connected to a vacuum flask. Once past the CsCl interface, scratch a band around the tube with the pipet tip to prevent the layer on the wall of the tube from creeping down. The remaining CsCl solution is aspirated. The pellets are taken up in water (do not try to redissolve). 1/10 vol. NaOAc and 3 vol. EtOH are added and the resulting combination is spun. If necessary, the pellet is resuspended in water (e.g., at 70°). Adjust concentration to 1 mg/ml and freeze. Small RNA (e.g. 5S) does not come down. For small amounts of cells, scale down volumes and overlay GuSCN with RNase-free water on gradient (precipitation is inefficient when RNA is dilute).

Please replace the third paragraph on page 18 from line 32 to page 19, line 17 with the following:

Next, polyA⁺ RNA may be prepared, preferably by the oligo dT selection method. Briefly, a disposable polypropylene column is prepared by washing with 5M NaOH and then rinsing with RNase-free water. For each milligram total RNA about 0.3 ml (final packed bed) oligo dT cellulose is used. Oligo dT cellulose is prepared by resuspending about 0.5 ml of dry powder in 1 ml of 0.1M NaOH and transferring it into the column, or by percolating 0.1 NaOH through a previously used column (columns can be reused many times). This is washed with several column volumes of RNase-free water, until pH is neutral, and rinsed with 2-3 ml of loading buffer. The column bed is then removed into a sterile 15 ml tube using 4-6 ml of loading buffer. The total RNA was heated to 70°C for 2-3 min., LiCl from RNase-free stock is added (to 0.5M), and combined with oligo dT cellulose in a 15 ml tube. This is followed by vortexing or agitation for 10 min. The result is poured into a column and washed with 3 ml loading

buffer and then 3 ml of middle wash buffer. mRNA is eluted directly into an SW55 tube with 1.5 ml of 2 mM EDTA, 0.1% SDS; the first two or three drops are discarded.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 19, from line 18 to line 24 with the following:

Eluted mRNA is precipitated by adding 1/10 vol. 3M NaOAc and filling the tube with EtOH. This is then mixed, chilled for 30 minutes at -20°C, and spun at 50k rpm at 5°C for 30 min. The EtOH is poured off and the tube is air dried. The mRNA pellet is resuspended in 50-100 [u]µl of RNase-free water. Approximately 5 [u]µl is melted at 70°C in MOPS/EDTA/ formaldehyde and run on an RNase-free 1% agarose gel to check quality.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 19, from line 29 to page 20, line 4 with the following:

a. First Strand. 4 [u]µg of mRNA and heated to about 100°C in a microfuge tube for 30 seconds and quenched on ice. The volume is adjusted to 70 [u]µl with RNase-free water. The following are added: 20 [u]µl of RT1 buffer, 2 [u]µl of RNAse inhibitor (Boehringer 36 U/[u]µl), 1 [u]µl of 5 [u]µg/[u]µl of oligo dT (Collaborative Research), 2.5 [u]µl of 20 mM dXTP's (ultrapure), 1 [u]µl of 1 M DTT and 4 l of RT-LX (Life Science, 24 U/[u]µl). The resulting combination is incubated at 42°C for 40 min. It is heated to inactivate (70°C 10 min).

Please replace the second paragraph on page 20, from line 5 to line 12 with the following:

b. Second Strand. 320 [u]μl of RNAse free water, 80 [u]μl of RT2 buffer, 5 [u]μl of DNA Polymerase I (Boehringer, 5 [U]μ/[u]μl), 2 [u]μl RNAse H (BRL 2 [U]μ/[u]μl). Incubate at 15°C for 1 hr and 22°C for 1 hr. Add 20 [u]μl of 0.5M EDTA pH 8.0, phenol extract and EtOH precipitate by adding NaCl to 0.5M, linear polyacrylamide (carrier) to 20 [u]μg/ml, and filling tube with EtOH. Spin 2-3 minutes in microfuge, remove, vortex to dislodge precipitate high up on wall of tube, and respin 1 minute.

Please replace the third paragraph on page 20, from line 13 to line 20 with the following:

c. Adaptors. Resuspend precipitated cDNA in 240 [u]μl of TE (10/1). Add 30 [u]μl of 10x low salt buffer, 30 [u]μl of 10x low salt buffer, 30 [u]μl of 10X ligation additions, 3 [u]μl (2.4μg) of kinased 12-mer adaptor, 2 [u]μl (1.6μg) of kinased 8-mer adaptor, and 1 [u]μl of T4 DNA ligase (BioLabs, 400 [U/u] μ/μl, or Boehringer, 1 Weiss unit/ml). Incubate at 15°C overnight. Phenol extract and EtOH precipitate as above (no extra carrier now needed), and resuspend in 100 [u]μl of TE.

Please replace the fifth paragraph on page 20, from line 28 to page 21, line 22 with the following:

Prepare a 20% KOA, 2 mM EDTA, 1 [u]µg/ml EthBr solution and a 5% KOAc, 2 mM EDTA, 1 [u]µg/ml EthBr solution. Add 2.6 ml of 20% KOAc solution to back chamber of a small gradient maker. Remove air bubble from tube connecting the two chambers by allowing solution to flow into the front chamber and then tilt back. Close passage between chambers, and add 2.5 ml[.] of the 5% solution to the front chamber. If there is liquid in the tubing from a previous run, allow the 5% solution to run just to the end of the tubing, and then return to chamber. Place the apparatus on a stirplate, set the stir bar moving as fast as possible, open the stopcock connecting the two chambers and then open the front stopcock. Fill a polyallomer SW55 tube from the bottom with the KOAc solution. Overlay the gradient with 100 [u]ul of cDNA solution. Prepare a balance tube and spin the gradient for 3 hrs at 50k rpm at 22°C. To collect fractions from the gradient, pierce the SW55 tube with a butterfly infusion set (with the luer hub clipped off) close to the bottom of the tube and collect three 0.5 ml fractions and then 6 0.25 ml fractions into microfuge tubes (about 22 and 11 drops respectively). EtOH precipitate the fractions by adding linear polyacrylamide to 20 [u]µg/ml and filling the tube to the top with EtOH. After cooling tubes, spin them in a microfuge for 3 min. Vortex and respin 1 min. Rinse pellets with 70% EtOH (respin). Do not dry to completion. Resuspend each 0.25 ml fraction in 10 [u]μl of TE. Run 1 [u]μl on a 1% agarose minigel. Pool the first three fractions, and those of the last six which contain no material smaller than 1 kb.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 21, from line 23 to page 22, line 5 with the following:

Suppressor tRNA plasmids may be propagated by known methods. In a preferred method according to the present invention, supF plasmids can be selected in nonsuppressing hosts containing a second plasmid, p3, which contains amber mutated ampicillin and tetracycline drug resistance elements (Seed, 1983). The p3 plasmid is derived from PR1, is 57 kb in length, and is a stably maintained, single copy episome. The ampicillin resistance of this plasmid reverts at a high rate, so that ampr plasmids usually cannot be used in p3-containing strains. Selection for tet resistance alone is almost as good as selection for amp+tet resistance. However, spontaneous appearance of chromosomal suppressor tRNA mutations presents an unavoidable background (frequency about 10-9) in this system. Colonies arising from spontaneous suppressor mutations are usually bigger than colonies arising from plasmid transformation. Suppressor plasmids typically are selected for in LB medium containing amp at 12.5 [u]µg/ml and tet at 7.5 [u]µg/ml. For large plasmid preps, M9 casamino acids medium containing glycerol (0.8%) may be used as a carbon source, and the bacteria grown to saturation.

Please replace the first paragraph on page 23, from line 1 to line 17 with the following:

The vector may be prepared for cloning by known methods. A preferred method begins with cutting 20 [u]µg of vector in a 200 [u]µl reaction with 100 units of BstXI (New York Biolabs), cutting at 50°C overnight in a well-thermostatted water bath (i.e., circulating water bath). Prepare 2 KOAc 5-20% gradients in SW55 tubes as described above. Add 100 [u]µl of the digested vector to each tube and run for 3 hrs, 50K rpm at 22°C. Examine the tube under 300 nm UV light. The desired band will have migrated 2/3 of the length of the tube. Forward trailing of the band means the gradient is overloaded. Remove the band with a 1 ml syringe and 20 gauge needle. Add linear polyacrylamide and precipitate the plasmid by adding 3 volumes of EtOH. Resuspend in 50 [u]µl of TE. Set up ligations using a constant amount of vector and increasing amounts of cDNAs. On the basis of these trial ligations, set up large scale ligation, which can be accomplished by known methods. Usually the entire cDNA prep requires 1-2 [u]µg of cut vector.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 23, from line 18 to line 24 with the following:

Adaptors may be prepared by known methods, but it is preferred to resuspend crude adaptors at a concentration of 1 [u]µg/[u]µl, add MgSO₄ to 10 mM, and precipitate by adding 5 volumes of EtOH. Rinse with 70% EtOH and resuspend in TE at a concentration of 1 [u]µg/[u]µl. To kinase take 25 [u]µl of resuspended adaptors, add 3 [u]µl of 10X kinasing buffer and 20 units of kinase; incubate 37°C overnight.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 26, from line 15 to page 27, line 24 with the following:

If spheroplast fusion is employed, a preferred method is the following variant based on Sandri-Goldrin et al., Mol. Cell Bio. 1:743-752 (1981). Briefly, for example, a set of six fusions requires 100 ml of cells in broth. Grow cells containing amplifiable plasmid to OD 600=0.5 in LB. Add spectinomycin to 100 [u]μg/ml (or chloramphenicol to 150 [u]μg/ml). Continue incubation at 37°C with shaking for 10-16 hours. (Cells begin to lyse with prolonged incubation in spectinomycin or chloramphenicol medium). Spin down 100 ml of culture (JA14/GSA rotor, 250 ml bottle) 5 min. at 10,000 rpm. Drain well, resuspend pellet in bottle with 5 ml cold 20% sucrose, 50 mM Tris-HCL pH 8.0. Incubate on ice 5 min. Add 2 ml cold 0.25M EDTA pH 8.0, incubate 5 min. at 37°C (waterbath). Place on ice, check percent conversion to spheroplasts by microscopy. In flow hood, slowly add 20 ml of cold DME/10% sucrose/10 mM MgCl₂ (dropwise, ca. 2 drops per second). Remove media from cells plated the day before in 6 cm dishes (50% confluent). Add 5 ml of spheroplast suspension to each dish. Place dishes on top of tube carriers in swinging bucket centrifuge. Up to 6 dishes can be comfortably prepared at once. Dishes can be stacked on top of each other, but 3 in a stack is not advisable as the spheroplast layer on the top dish is often torn or detached after centrifugation. Spin at 1000xg 10 min. Force is calculated on the basis of the radius to the bottom plate. Aspirate fluid from dishes carefully. Pipet 1.5-2 ml 50% (w/w) PEG 1450 (or PEG 1000)/50% DME (no serum) into the center of the dish. If necessary, sweep the pipet tip around to ensure that the PEG spreads evenly and radially across the whole dish. After PEG has been added to the last dish, prop all of the dishes up on their lids so that the PEG solution collects at the bottom. Aspirate the PEG. The thin layer of PEG that remains on the cells is sufficient to promote fusion; the layer remaining is easier to wash off, and better cell viability can be obtained, than if the bulk of the PEG is left behind. After 90 to 120 seconds (PEG 1000) or 120 to 150 seconds (PEG 1450) of

contact with the PEG solution, pipet 1.5 ml of DME (no serum) into the center of the dish. The PEG layer will be swept radially by the DME. Tilt the dishes and aspirate. Repeat the DME wash. Add 3 ml of DME/10% serum containing 15 [u]µg/ml gentamicin sulfate. Incubate 4-6 hours in incubator. Remove media and remaining bacterial suspension, add more media and incubate 2-3 days. Extensive washing of the cell layer to remove PEG tends to remove many of the cells without any substantial benefit. If the cells are allowed to sit in the second DME wash for a few minutes, most of the spheroplast layer will come up spontaneously; however it is preferred to wash briefly and allow the layer to come off in the complete medium at 37°C.

Please replace the fifth paragraph on page 29, from line 29 to page 30, line 4 with the following:

a. Antibody-coated dishes. Bacteriological 60 mm plates, Falcon 1007 or equivalent, or 10 cm dishes such as Fisher 8-757-12 may be used. Sheep anti-mouse affinity purified antibody (from, for example, Cooper BioMedical (Cappell)) is diluted to 10 [u]µg/ml in 50 mM Tris HCl, pH 9.5. Add 3 ml per 6 cm dish, or 10 ml per 10 cm dish. Let sit ca. 1.5 hrs., remove to next dish 1.5 hrs., then to 3rd dish. Wash plates 3x with 0.15 M NaCl (a wash bottle is convenient for this), incubate with 3 ml 1 mg/ml BSA in PBS overnight, aspirate and freeze.

Please replace the third paragraph on page 30, from line 22 to page 31, line 2 with the following:

c. Hirt Supernatant. A preferred variant of the method of Hirt, <u>J. Molec. Biol.</u>

26:365-369 (1967), is as follows: Add 0.4 ml 0.6% SDS, 10 mM EDTA to panned plate. Let sit 20 minutes (can be as little as 1 min. if there are practically no cells on the plate). Pipet viscous mixture into microfuge tube. Add 0.1 ml 5M NaCl, mix, put on ice at least 5 hrs. Keeping the mixture as cold as possible seems to improve the quality of the Hirt. Spin 4 min., remove supernatant carefully, phenol extract (twice if the first interface is not clean), add 10 [u]µg linear polyacrylamide (or other carrier), fill tube to top with EtOH, precipitate, and resuspend in 0.1 ml. Add 3 volumes EtOH/NaOAc, reprecipitate and resuspend in 0.1 ml. Transform into MC1061/p3, preferably using the high efficiency protocol hereinafter described. If the DNA volume exceeds 2% of the competent cell aliquot, the transformation efficiency will suffer. 5% gives the same number of colonies as 2.5% (efficiency is halved).

Please replace the second paragraph on page 31, from line 3 to line 18 with the following:

It is preferred for this aspect of the present invention to use "blockers" in the incubation medium. Blockers assure that non-specific proteins, proteases, or antibodies present do not cross-link with or destroy the antibodies present on the substrate or on the host cell surface, to yield false positive or false negative results. Selection of blockers can substantially improve the specificity of the immunoselection step of the present invention. A number of non-specific monoclonal antibodies, for example, of the same class or subclass (isotype) as those used in the immunoselection step (e.g., IgG₁, IgG₂A, IgGm, etc.) can be used as blockers. Blocker concentration (normally 1-100 [u]µg/[u]µl) is important to maintain the proper sensitivity yet inhibit unwanted interference. Those of skill also will recognize that the buffer system used for incubation may be selected to optimize blocking action and decrease non-specific binding.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 33, from line 27 to page 34, line 6 with the following:

Insertion of cDNA into the vectors of the present invention can occur, for example, by homopolymeric tailing with terminal transferase. However, homopolymeric tracts located 5' to cDNA inserts may inhibit <u>in vitro</u> and <u>in vivo</u> expression. Thus, preferred for purposes of the present invention is the use of inverted identical cleavage sites separated by a short replaceable DNA segment. Such inverted identical cleavage sites, preferably employing the <u>BstXI</u> restriction endonuclease, may be used in parallel with cDNA synthetic oligonucleotides, giving the same termini[i] as the replaceable segment of the vector. In this manner, the cDNA cannot ligate to itself, but can ligate to the vector. This allows the most efficient use of both cDNA and vector.

Please replace the third paragraph on page 39, from line 11 to line 23 with the following:

A COS cell expression vector was constructed from piSV (Little et al., Mol. Biol. Med. 1:473-488 (1983)) by inserting a synthetic transcription unit between the suppressor tRNA gene and the SV40 origin. The transcription unit consisted of a chimeric promoter composed of human cytomegalovirus

AD169 immediately early enhancer sequences fused to the HIV LTR -67 to +80 sequences. Immediately downstream from the LTR +80 sequence was inserted a polylinker containing two <u>Bst</u>XI sites separated by a 350bp stuffer; the <u>Bst</u>XI sites were flanked by <u>Xbal</u> sites, which could also be used to excise the insert. Downstream from the polylinker were placed the SV40 small <u>t</u> antigen splice and early region polyadenylation signals derived from pSV2. The nucleotide sequence of the vector is shown in Figures <u>1A-1B[1]</u>.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 39, from line 24 to page 40, line 4 with the following:

cDNA library construction

RNA was prepared from HPB-ALL cells by the guanidinium thiocyanate/CsCl method, as described above. PolyA⁺ RNA was prepared from total RNA by oligo dT selection. Maniatis et al, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, supra. cDNA was synthesized by the method of Gubler and Hoffman (Gene 25:263-269 (1982)). BstXI adaptors were ligated to the cDNA, and the reaction products fractionated by centrifugation through a 5 ml-20% potassium acetate gradient containing 1 mM EDTA for 3 hours at 50k rpm in a SW55 rotor. 0.5 ml fractions were collected manually through a syringe needle or butterfly inserted just above the curve of the tube. Individual fractions were ethanol-precipitated after addition of linear polyacrylamide (Strauss and Varshavsky, Cell 37:889-901 (1984)) to 20 [u]µg/ml. Fractions containing cDNA larger than 700bp were pooled and ligated to gradient purified BstXI digested piH3 vector.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 40, from line 5 to line 30 with the following:

The ligated DNA was transformed into <u>E. coli</u> MC1061/p3 made competent by the following protocol: The desired strain was streaked out on an LB plate. The next day a single colony was inoculated into 20 ml TYM broth (recipes below) in a 250 ml flask. The cells were grown to midlog phase (OD600 about 0.2-0.8), poured into a 2<u>L[1]</u> flask containing 100 ml TYM, and vigorously agitated until cells grew to 0.5-0.9 OD, then diluted again to 500 ml in the same vessel. When the cells grew to OD600 0.6, the flask was placed in ice-water, and shaken gently to assure rapid cooling. When the culture was cool, it was spun at 4.2k rpm for 15 minutes (J6). The supernatant was poured off and the

pellet resuspended in about 100 ml cold TfB I (below) by gentle shaking on ice. Thereafter, it was respun in the same bottle at 4.2k rpm for 8 minutes (J6). The supernatant was poured off and the pellet resuspended in 20 ml cold TfB II by gentle shaking on ice. 0.1 to 0.5 ml aliquots were placed in prechilled microfuge tubes, frozen in liquid nitrogen, and stored at -70°C. For transformation, an aliquot was removed, thawed at room temperature until just melting, and placed on ice. DNA was added, let sit on ice 15-30 minutes, and incubated at 37°C for 5 minutes (6 minutes for 0.5 ml aliquots). Thereafter the DNA-containing suspensions were diluted 1:10 in LB and grown for 90 minutes before plating or applying antibiotic selection. Alternatively, the heat-pulsed transformation mix was plated directly on antibiotic plates onto which a thin (4-5 ml) layer of antibiotic-free LB agar was poured just before plating.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 41, from line 29 to page 42, line 2 with the following:

Cell lines and cell culture

COS cell clone M6 cells were propagated in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium supplemented with 10% calf serum and gentamycin sulfate at 15 [u]µg/ml (DME/10% calf serum). Cells were split the day before transfection in 6 cm dishes at approximately 1:8 ratio from stock plates kept as dense as possible without overtly affronting the cells. T cell lines were grown in Iscove's modification of Dulbecco's medium (IMDM) containing gentamycin as above, and either NuSerum (Collaborative Research) or fetal bovine serum at 10%.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 42, from line 3 to line 12 with the following:

COS cell transfection for immunofluorescence studies

COS cells at 50% confluence in 6 cm dishes were transfected in a volume of 1.5 ml with a cocktail consisting of DME or IMDM medium containing 10% NuSerum (Collaborative Research), 400 [u]µg/ml DEAE Dextran, 10[u]µM chloroquine diphosphate, and 1 [u]µg/ml DNA. After 4 hours at 37°C (or earlier if the cells appeared ill), the transfection mix was removed and the cells were treated with 10% DMSO in PBS for 2 minutes. Sussman and Milman, Cell Biol. 4:1641-1643 (1984). Cells were then returned to DME/10% calf serum for 48 to 72 hours to allow expression.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 42, from line 28 to page 43, line 11 with the following:

Northern blot analysis was carried out essentially as described (Maniatis et al., Molecular Cloning, a Laboratory Manual (1982)), except that DMSO was omitted from the loading buffer, denaturation was at 70°C for 5 minutes, and the gel contained 0.6% formaldehyde rather than 6%. The gel was stained in two volumes of water containing 1 [u]µg/ml ethidium bromide, photographed, and transferred to nylon (GeneScreen, DuPont) in the staining liquor. The transferred RNA was irradiated by exposure to a germicidal lamp through Saran Wrap (Church and Gilbert, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 8:1991-1995 (1984)) for 5 minutes at a flux (measured at 254 nm) of 0.22mW/cm². Southern blot analysis was carried out by alkaline transfer to nylon (GeneScreen, DuPont) as described by Reed and Mann (Nucl. Acids Res. 13:7207-7221 (1986)). Hybridization probes were prepared by the method of Hu and Messing (Gene 18:271-277 (1982)), and blots were prehybridized in SDS/phosphate buffer (Church and Gilbert, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 8:1991-1995 (1984)) containing 10 DNA microgram equivalents of M13 mp19 phage.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 43, from line 12 to line 21 with the following:

Erythrocyte Rosetting

Erythrocytes were prepared from whole blood by three centrifugations in PBS. COS cells were transfected in 6 cm dishes with CD2 or other surface antigen expression clones by the DEAE method. 48 to 72 hours posttransfection, the medium was aspirated and 2 ml of PBS/5% FDS/azide was added to each plate, followed by 0.4 ml of the appropriate erythrocyte samples as 20% suspensions in PBS. After 1 hour at room temperature, the nonadherent erythrocytes were gently washed off, and the plates were examined.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 44, from line 26 to page 45, line 7 with the following:

cDNA sequence analysis

The CD2 cDNA insert was subcloned into M13 mp19 (Vieira and Messing, Gene 19:259-268 (1982)) in both orientations, and the sequence determined by the dideoxynucleotide method (Figures 2A and 2B [Figure 2]). Sanger et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 74:5463-5467 (1977). An open reading frame was observed to extend 360 residues from an ATG triplet satisfying the consensus criteria of Kozak (Microbiol. Rev.: 1-47:45 (1983)) for translational initiation codons (Figures 1A-1B [Figure 1]). The predicted amino acid sequence evokes an integral membrane protein with a single membrane spanning hydrophobic anchor terminating in a rather large intracytoplasmic domain. Comparison of the N-terminal amino sequence with the matrix of signal sequence residue frequencies constructed by von Heijne (Nucl. Acids Res. 14:4683-4690 (1986)) suggests that mature CD2 peptide is formed by cleavage of a precursor peptide between the 19th (Ser) and 20th (Lys) residues.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 47, from line 16 to line 30 with the following:

COS cells expressing CD2 form rosettes with sheep erythrocytes

COS cells transfected with the CD2 expression clone were treated for 1 hour with purified MT910 (IgG, kappa) anti-CD2 antibody (Rieber et al., Leukocyte Typing II, Vol. I, pp. 233-242 (1986)) at a concentration of 1 [u]µg/ml, or with purified MB40.5 (IgG1, kappa; Kawata et al., J. Exp. Med. 160:633-651 (1984)) antibody at the same concentration. MB40.5 recognizes a monomorphic HLA-ABC determinant and cross-reacts with African Green Monkey histocompatibility antigens; it was chosen because it represents an isotype-matched antibody recognizing a surface antigen of approximately the same abundance as the CD2 antigen expressed by transfected cells. Sheep erythrocyte rosettes were observed in the presence of MB40.5, but not of MT910. Rosette inhibition was also observed with OKT11 antibody, and not with various other control antibodies.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 51, from line 22 to line 34 with the following:

A clone encoding the LFA-3 antigen was identified by indirect immunofluorescence of transfected WOP cells, amplified and sequenced (Figure 4A). Within the 874 bp insert, an open reading frame of 237 residues originates at a methionine codon closely corresponding to the consensus sequence suggested by Kozak, Microbiol. Rev. 47:1-45 (1983). The reading frame terminates in a series of hydrophobic residues lacking the characteristic basic anchoring residues of internal membrane proteins, but sharing features with known phosphatidylinositol-linked superficial membrane proteins. The features include clustered serine or threonine residues in a hydrophilic region immediately preceding the hydrophobic domain, and the presence of serines and threonines in the hydrophobic portion.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 53, from line 20, to page 54, line 11 with the following:

Preparation of cDNA Libraries

Poly(A)+ RNA was prepared from the human T-cell tumor line HPB-ALL by oligo(dT) cellulose chromatography of total RNA isolated by the guanidinium thiocyanate method (Chirgwin, J.M. et al., Biochemistry 18:5294-5299 (1979)). cDNA was prepared by a protocol based on the method of Gubler and Hoffman (Gubler, U. et al., Gene 25:263-269 (1982)). 4 [u]µg of mRNA was heated to approximately 100°C in a 1.5 ml centrifuge tube for 30 seconds, quenched on ice, and the volume adjusted to 70 [u]µl with RNAse-free water. To this were added 20 [u]µl of buffer (0.25 M Tris pH 8.8 (8.2 at 42°C), 0.25 M KC1, 30 mM MgC1₂), 2[u]µl of RNAse inhibitor (Boehringer 36 [U]µ/[u]µl), 1 [u]µl of 1M DTT, 1 [u]µl of 5 [u]µg/[u]µl of oligo dT (Collaborative Research), 2 [u]µl of 25 mM each deoxynucleoside triphosphate (US Biochemicals), and 4 [u]ul of reverse transcriptase (Life Sciences, 24 $U/[u]\mu l$). After 40 minutes at 42°C, the reaction was terminated by heating to 70°C for 10 minutes. To the reaction mix was then added 320 [u]ul of RNAse free water, 80 [u]ul of buffer (0.1 M Tris pH 7.5, 25 mM MgCl₂, 0.5 M KCl, 0.25 mg/ml BSA, and 50 mM DTT), 25 units of DNA Polymerase I (Boehringer), and 4 units of RNAse H (BRL). After 1 hour at 15°C and 1 hour at 22°C, 20 [u]ul of 0.5M EDTA pH 8.0 were added, the reaction mixture was extracted with phenol, NaC1 was added to 0.5 M, linear polyacrylamide (carrier; Strauss, F. et al., Cell 37:889-901 (1984)) was added to 20 [u]_g/ml, and the tube was filled with ethanol. After centrifugation for 2-3 minutes at 12,000 x g, the tube was removed, vortexed to dislodge precipitate spread on the wall of the tube, and respun for 1 minute.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 54, from line 12 to line 20 with the following:

Unpurified oligonucleotides having the sequence CTCTAAAG and CTTTAGAGCACA (SEQ ID NO:37) were dissolved at a concentration of 1 mg/ml, MgSO₄ was added to 10 mM, and the DNA precipitated by adding 5 volumes of EtOH. The pellet was rinsed with 70% ETOH and resuspended in TE at a concentration of 1 mg/ml. 25 [U]µl of the resuspended oligonucleotides were phosphorylated by the addition of 3 [U]µl of buffer (0.5 M Tris pH 7.5, 10 mM ATP, 20 mM DTT, mM spermidine, 1 mg/ml BSA, and 10 mM MgCl₂) and 20 units of polynucleotide kinase followed by incubation at 37°C overnight.

Please replace the third paragraph on page 54, from line 21 to page 55, line 6 with the following:

3 [u] μ l of the 12-mer and 2 [u] μ l of the 8-mer phosphorylated oligonucleotides were added to the cDNA prepared as above in a 300 [u] μ l reaction mixture containing 6 mM Tris pH 7.5, 6 mM MgC1₂, 5 mM NaC1, 0.35 mg/ml BSA, 7 mM mercaptoethanol, 0.1 mM ATP, 2 mM DTT, 1 mM spermidine and 400 units T4 DNA ligase (New England BioLabs) at 15° overnight. 10 [u] μ l of 0.5 M EDTA were added, the reaction was phenol extracted, ethanol precipitated, resuspended in a volume of 100 [u] μ l and layered on a 5 ml gradient of 5-20% potassium acetate in 1 mM EDTA, 1 [u] μ g/ml ethidium bromide. The gradient was spun 3 hours at 50,000 rpm (SW55 rotor) and fractionated manually, collecting three approximately 0.5 ml fractions followed by six approximately 0.25 ml fractions in microcentrifuge tubes by means of a butterfly infusion set inserted just above the curve of the tube. Linear polyacrylamide was added to 20 μ g/ml, the tubes were filled with ethanol, chilled, spun, vortexed and respun as above. The precipitate was washed with 70% ethanol, dried, and resuspended in 10 μ l. 1 μ l of the last 6 fractions was run on a gel to determine which fractions to pool, and material less than 1 kb in size was typically discarded. Remaining fractions were pooled and ligated to the vector.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 55, from line 7 to line 18 with the following:

The complete sequence and derivation of the vector is shown in Figure 5. The vector was prepared for cloning by digestion with BstXI and fractionation on 5-20% potassium acetate gradients as described for the cDNA. The appropriate band was collected by syringe under 300 nm UV light and ethanol precipitated as above. cDNA and vector were titrated in test ligations. Usually 1-2 [u]µg of purified vector were used for the cDNA from 4 [u]µg of poly A+ RNA. The ligation reactions were composed as described for the adaptor addition above. The ligation reactions were transformed into MC1061/p3 cells made competent as described above. The transformation efficiency for supercoiled vector was 3-5x108 colonies/[u]µg.

Please replace the third paragraph on page 55, from line 19 to line 25 with the following:

Recovery and characterization of the CD28 clone

Panning of the library was carried out as described herein above, using purified antibody 9.3 (DuPont) at a concentration of 1 [u]µg/ml in the antibody cocktail. The methods used for COS cell transfection, radioimmunoprecipitation, RNA and DNA blot hybridization, and DNA sequencing were all as described herein above.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 55, from line 26 to page 56, line 4 with the following:

To isolate the CD28 cDNA, a large plasmid cDNA library was constructed in a high efficiency expression vector containing an SV40 origin of replication. A preferred version of the vector, containing an M13 origin, is shown in [Figure 6]Figures 6A-6D. Three features of the vector make it particularly suitable for this use: (i) the eukaryotic transcription unit allows high level expression in COS cells of coding sequences placed under its control; (ii) The small size and particular arrangement of sequences in the plasmid permit high level replication in COS cells; and (iii) the presence of two identical BstXI sites in inverted orientation and separated by a short replaceable fragment allows the use of an efficient oligonucleotide-based strategy to promote cDNA insertion in the vector.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 56, from line 29 to page 57, line 6 with the following:

Although the cloning scheme of the present invention does not result in a directional insertion of the cDNA, the ability to make large libraries easily, coupled with a powerful selection procedure, makes directional insertion unnecessary. The library construction efficiencies observed according to the present invention, between 0.5 and 2x10⁶ recombinants per [u]µg of mRNA, with less than 1% background and an insert size greater than 1 kb, compared favorably with those described for phage vectors lambda gt10 (7.5 X 10⁵/[u]µg of mRNA) and lambda gt11 (1.5 X 10⁶/[u]µg of mRNA) (Huynh, T., et al., In: DNA Cloning Vol. I, A Practical Approach, Glover, D.M. (ed.), IRL Press, Oxford (1985), pp. 49-78); but the resulting clones were more convenient to manipulate.

Please replace the third paragraph on page 57, from line 24 to page 58, line 2 with the following:

Isolation of a CD28 cDNA

The CD28 cDNA was isolated from a library of about 3 X 10⁵ recombinants prepared from cDNA from 0.8 [u]µg of poly A⁺ RNA using an earlier version of the protocol described in the Materials and Methods. The library was screened for CD28 (and other surface antigen) cDNA clones by the method outlined above. After the third transfection, COS cells were panned with the 9.3 antibody alone. A Hirt supernatant was prepared from the adherent cells and transformed into E. coli. Plasmid DNA was isolated from eight colonies and transfected individually into COS cell cultures. The presence of the CD28 antigen was detected in three of eight transfected cultures by indirect immunofluorescence. All three plasmid DNAs contained an insert of about 1.5 kb.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 58, from line 3 to line 21 with the following:

cDNA sequence analysis

The CD28 cDNA encodes a long open reading frame of 220 residues having the typical features of an integral membrane protein ([Figure 7] Figures 7A-7B). Removal of a predicted (von Heijne, Nucl. Acids Res. 14:4683-4690 (1986)) N-terminal signal sequence gives a mature protein of 202 residues comprising an extracellular domain with five potential N-linked glycosylation sites (Asn-X-Ser/Thr), a

27-amino acid hydrophobic membrane spanning domain, and a 41-amino acid cytoplasmic domain. Comparison of the amino acid sequence of CD28 with the National Biomedical Research Foundation database (Version 10.0) revealed substantial homology with mouse and rabbit immunoglobulin heavy-chain variable regions over a domain spanning almost the entire extracellular portion of CD28. Within this domain two cysteine residues in the homology blocks Leu-(Ser or Thr)-Cys and Tyr-(Tyr or Phe)-Cys are shared by CD28, CD4, CD8, immunoglobulin heavy- and light-chain variable sequences and related molecules with approximately the same spacing (Maddon et al., Annu. Rev. Biochem. 48:961-997 (1979)).

Please replace the second paragraph on page 61, from line 10 to line 19 with the following:

Preparation of cDNA library and recovery and characterization of CD7 clones

Preparation of an HPB-ALL cDNA library in the expression vector piH3 was carried out as described herein. Panning of the library was carried out according to the method of the present invention, using purified anti-CD7 antibody Leu9 (Becton Dickinson) and antibody 7G5 as ascites fluid was diluted 1:1000[1/1000]. Methods for cell transfection, radioimmunoprecipitation, DNA and RNA blot hybridization and DNA sequencing were all as described herein.

Please replace the third paragraph on page 61, from line 20 to line 35 with the following:

IgM and IgG binding by COS cells transfected with CD7 and CDw32

Human IgM, IgG, and IgA antibodies, affinity purified FITC conjugated goat anti-human immunoglobulins antibodies (anti-Ig(G+M+A)), washed and preserved bovine red blood cells, and IgG and IgM fractions of rabbit anti-bovine red blood cell antibodies were purchased from Cooper Biomedical (Malverne, PA). COS cells were transfected by the DEAE Dextran method with cDNAs encoding the CD7, CDw32, and CD28 surface antigens. 48 hours after transfection the cells were washed with PBS/0.5% BSA and incubated with either human IgM, IgG or IgA antibodies at a concentration of 1 [u]µg/ml, at 4°C for 2 hours. Subsequently the cells were washed with PBS/0.5% BSA and incubated for 30 minutes at 4°C with FITC conjugated rabbit anti-human immunoglobulins.

After washing the cells were examined with a fluorescence microscope. The experiments were also performed in the presence of 0.1% azide with the same results.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 62, from line 17 to line 26 with the following:

Formation of T cell rosettes with antibody-coated erythrocytes

Peripheral blood lymphocytes were obtained from heparinized blood by centrifugation at 4°C over a Ficoll-Hypaque gradient at 400 x g for 30 minutes. Leukocytes at the interface were washed two times with PBS. The leukocytes were adjusted to [10Y7] 107 cells/ml in IMDM/10% Fetal Bovine Serum (FBS) and incubated in tissue culture dishes at 37°C for 30 minutes. Nonadherent cells were transferred to new dishes, and PHA was added to stimulate proliferation of T lymphocytes. On the next day the cells were washed with PBS and placed in fresh IMDM/10%FBS.

Please replace the third paragraph on page 62, from line 27 to page 63, line 2 with the following:

Rosette assays were performed three days later. Cells were washed with PBS/0.5% BSA, and a 10 [u]µl suspension of 2% Ig-coated erythrocytes prepared as described above was added to 10 [u]µl of PBS/0.5% BSA containing 5 X 106 cells/ml. The mixtures were placed in Falcon round bottom 96 well plates and centrifuged at 150 X g for 15 min at 4°C. After an additional incubation of 45 min at 4°C pellets were resuspended with 10 [u]µl of PBS/0.5% BSA, and the rosettes scored by phase contrast microscopy. The experiments were carried out in both the presence and absence of 0.1% sodium azide with no detectable difference.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 63, from line 32 to page 64, line 23 with the following:

CD7 cDNA sequence analysis

Both isolates were sequenced by the dideoxynucleotide method. The 1.2 kb cDNA encodes a long open reading frame of 240 residues having the typical features of an integral membrane protein. The initial assignment of the signal sequence cleavage site by the method of von Heijne (Nucl. Acids Res. 14:4683-4690 (1986)) was at the 18th residue. It later was determined, however, that the homology

with immunoglobulin variable regions would better predict the mature terminus at residue 26; this assignment would also correlate well with the position of the intron as discussed below and as shown in [Figure 8] Figures 8A-8B. Removal of the predicted N-terminal signal sequence gives a mature protein of 215 residues with a predicted molecular mass of 23 kd. In the extracellular domain are two N-linked glycosylation sites (Asn-X-Ser Thr), in agreement with the results of Sutherland et al. (J. Immunol. 133:327-333 (1984)), who also showed the presence of O-linked glycans and covalently associated palmitic acid on the mature protein. In the 27 amino acid hydrophobic membrane spanning domain is a single cysteine residue which may be the site of fatty acylation (Rose et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 81:2050-2054 (1984); Kaufman et al., J. Biol. Chem. 259:7230-7238 (1984)). The length of the cytoplasmic domain, 39 residues, is in good agreement with the 30-40 amino acids predicted by protease digestion of the CD7 precursor in rough microsomal membrane fractions (Sutherland et al., J. Immunol. 133:327-333 (1984)).

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 64, from line 24 to line 33 with the following:

Sequence analysis of the 1.7 kb clone ([Figure 8] Figures 8A-8B) revealed the presence of an intron located 121 bp from the 5' end. The 411 bp intron contains stop codons in all three reading frames and is located just downstream of the secretory signal sequence, as is frequently observed for secreted or surface proteins. Both the 5' and 3' ends of the intron conform to the splice donor/acceptor consensus AAG GTRAGA/.../Y₆₋₁₁NYAG A (Mount, Nucl. Acids Res. 10:459-472 (1982)). Because both the 1.2 and 1.7 kb clones express CD7 antigen equally well in COS cells, the intron must be excised in COS cells fairly efficiently.

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 69, from line 23 to page 70, line 7 with the following:

The nucleotide sequence of the isolated receptor ([Figure 9]Figures 9A-9B) is highly homologous to that of members of the recently isolated murine receptor family, and most closely related to the murine beta2 receptor by nucleic acid homology. Surprisingly, the murine beta2 receptor is found on T and B lymphocytes and macrophages, while the alpha receptor is restricted to macrophages; in the human system, CDw32 (shown here to be beta2-like) is restricted to macrophages while another Fc

receptor (CD16) is found on lymphocytes and macrophages. The human sequence appears to have diverged from the mouse sequence by insertion of approximately 1 kb of DNA a few bases 3' to the junction between the transmembrane and cytoplasmic domains. The junctions of the insertion site do not show obvious relationships to splice donor and acceptor sequences. Comparison of the human and murine peptide sequences showed that the peptide sequence diverges at the end of the transmembrane domain, before the nucleotide sequence diverges, suggesting the existence of a selective pressure favoring the creation of a differenct cytoplasmic domain.

Please replace the fifth paragraph on page 71, from line 30 to line 34 with the following:

DNA and RNA blot analysis and hybridization probe preparation were carried out as described. Sequencing was done by the method of Sanger et al., <u>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</u>

74:5463 (1977)). The nucleotide sequence of the CD20.4 cDNA is represented in [Figure 10] <u>Figures</u>

10A-10B.

Please replace the first paragraph on page 73, from line 1 to line 34 with the following:

The amino acid sequence predicted by the cDNA contains 297 residues and has a molecular mass of 33,097 daltons. The sequence contains three major hydrophobic stretches involving residues 51-103, 117-141 and 183-203 ([Fig.10]Figures 10A-10B). Two other notable characteristics are the absence of an amino-terminal signal peptide and the presence of a highly charged carboxy-terminal domain. A polyclonal anti-CD20 antibody that recognized the last 18 residues of the carboxy-terminus reacts with lysates of cells expressing CD20 but not with intact cells, suggesting that the CD20 carboxy terminus is located within the cytoplasm. Since there is no amino-terminal signal peptide, it is likely that the amino-terminus is also intracellular, and that the first hydrophobic region acts as an internal membrane insertion signal (Zerial et al., EMBO J. 5:1543 (1986)). The first hydrophobic region is composed of 53 residues and is therefore long enough to span the membrane twice if organized as an alpha helix. Because there are two remaining hydrophobic regions, the intracellular localization of the carboxy-terminus requires that the first hydrophobic domain exit the membrane on the side. Alternatively, the carboxy-terminula antibody may only recognize epitopes exposed by detergent treatment allowing the carboxy-terminus to

be extracellular and forcing the first hydrophobic domain to exit the membrane on the extracellular side. The sequence contains 2 potential N-glycosylation sites (Asn-Xaa-Ser/Thr, where Xaa cannot be Pro (Bause, Biochem. J. 209:331 (1983)) at positions 9 and 293, but neither of these is expected to be used if located in intracellular domains of the molecule. The difference in molecular mass between CD20 expressed on COS cells and on B cells is therefore presumably due to 0-linked glycosylation, although other forms of post-translational modification are not excluded. If the carboxy-terminus is intracellular, the only extracellular domain would lie between residues 142 and 182. This region is rich in serine and threonine residues which might support 0-glycosylation.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 77, from line 3 to line 17 with the following:

The sequence of the pICAM-1 cDNA insert consists of 1846 nucleotides ([Fig. 11] Figures 11A-11C). The predicted peptide sequence of 532 residues has the typical features of a transmembrane protein including a putative signal sequence, which may be cleaved between glycine-25 and asparagine-26 (von Heijne, G., Nucl. Acids Res. 14:4683-4690 (1986)), and a single 25 residue membrane-spanning domain terminating in a short, highly charged cytoplasmic domain. The extracellular domain contains seven potential N-linked glycosylation sites which could adequately explain the difference in size between the deglycosylated precursor (55 kd) and the final product (90-115 kd) (Dustin, M.L., et al., J. Immunol. 137:245-254 (1986)). Differential use of these putative glycosylation sites could also explain the heterogeneous molecular mass of ICAM-1 observed in different cell types (Dustin, M.L., et al., J. Immunol. 137:245-254 (1986)).

Please replace the third paragraph on page 78, from line 20 to line 29 with the following:

Through its cell adhesion to LFA-1, ICAM can mediate migration of lymphocytes into areas of inflammation. Inhibiting such migration by blocking ICAM binding to LFA-1 could reduce or inhibit inflammation. Such inhibition could be affected by small organic molecules, i.e., drugs, identified in an ICAM streaming assay. Fusion proteins composed of the extracellular domain of ICAM and IgG molecules are suitable for identifying such inhibitors. Likewise, compounds that interfere with ICAM

binding to Rhinovirus or [Plasmodium falciparium] <u>Plasmodium falciparium</u> can be identified by analogous methods.

Please replace the second paragraph on page 81, from line 10 to line 19 with the following:

Example VIII <u>Isolation and Molecular Cloning of the Human CD19, CD20, CDw32a, CDw32b and CD40 Antigens</u>

The rapid immunoselection cloning method of the present invention was applied to isolate and clone the CD19, CD20, CDw32a, CDw32b, and CD40 antigens. The nucleotide sequence of CD19is shown in [Figure 12]Figures 12A-12B. The nucleotide sequence of CD20 is shown in [Figure 13]Figures 13A-13B. The nucleotide sequence of CDw32a is shown in [Figure 15]Figures 14A-14B. The nucleotide sequence of CDw32b is shown in [Figure 16]Figures 15A-15B. The nucleotide sequence of CD40 is shown in Figure [17]16.

Table 1 (SEQ <u>ID NO:20)</u>

ΤΤΙ ΕΛΕΤΤΑΙ ΕΛΑΑΘΑΚΟΑΙ ΑΙΤΑΚΟΕ ΕΝΤΑΙΚΑΙΑΙ ΑΙΤΑΙ ΕΝΕΚΑΙ ΕΝΕΚΑΙ ΕΝΕΚΑΙ ΕΝΑΚΑΙ ΑΙΚΑΙ ΕΝΑΚΑΙ ΑΙΚΑΙ ΕΝΑΚΑΙ ΑΙΚΑΙ ΕΝΑΚΑΙ ΕΝΕΚΑΙ ισοι τλιλολητήστης εκλός ος εκτής ες τος εκάτης αλλλλες εκάτης της εκέκης της εκλλλλητης της εκτής της εκτής τ γ r f y l f s k λ f λ s p y E h p d h y c f c T E k I I s k h c T s y α y l d l CMGICAGAACTTIGAGAGAACTGTTATGGGGCTATAGGGATCCATTTTTGGTTCCGTACCCTGTTACTACCACAGTTGGTCTGTTTATCCTTACAACAATACTGCAATGGA ατπαταλαάτητολαταόλαλας ταλοταλαάτης ες αταπίς ελολατάτας ατακάς ες τα τε το το του του του του του του του το γ γ κ γ γ η α κ ρ η ι s κ γ λ ι ι ρ γ κ α κ η η ε s γ w ε s η ε ο μ ι η α γ ρ αςλαςςτελήπεςλεςτηταπαλλλλαςτολοπλήποςλοπετηπεπτητητητης απότα το που το κου το κου το κου το κου το κου το κο Α λ s f p p f y e κ s q y L q f f s s p i c n s i y λ y f e s p y II L κ α i p y CAGGCTGACÁACTTCACAGTTCTCAATGTGGCTGTGGCAGCTGCATCCATATCCAAATCAATTTGTTCAAATGCTCAATTCAATTAACAAGTCAAAATCTTGTTCT & C E A D H F T Y L H L A Y A A A S H I Y Q H Q F Y Q W I L H S L I H K S K S S W F COTGGGGCTGTCATTGGTGCTGTGTTTTGAAGGTATTCTAATGCCÁGTTGGÁGACCTGCTTATCCAGAAGAAGAAGTTACTGTCCTCGAAGAAGGTACAATTGCT &XXCCABABCTTGTABAAACCACTTTAATCATATCCABBAGTTTGCAABAAACAGGTGCTTAACACTAATTCACCTCCTGAACAABAAAAATGGGGCTGTGAGCGGGAACTGTGGGCTCATC 1811 AGTATATCTTAATTCTGGGAGAAATGAGATAAAAGATGTACTTGTGACCATTGTAACAATAGCACAAAT 1671 100 0 1.1 121 361 101 100 241

Please replace the third paragraph on page 86, from line 24 to line 30 with the following:

The predicted polypeptide sequences show the typical features of a type I integral membrane protein, and include a short hydrophobic signal sequence, a single 21-residue hydrophobic membrane-spanning domain, and a short, highly charged cytoplasmic domain (Figure [4]4A). The extracellular portion contains six potential N-linked glycosylation sites and six Cys residues distributed among three C2 set Ig-related domains.

Table 2 (SEQ ID <u>NO:22)</u>

ισες ελελεισελλατό τος τιλλης ός ελες ερώ τος λητος λοτος τίζολος τιλες ελετίες τος τιτε έχτινό τος ερώ τος γη Α τερος κυρικές κυρικές κυρικές το του κυρικές κυσικές κυρικές κυρικές κυρικές κυρικές κυρικές κυρικές κυρικές κυρικές 800 111 GCA GCTII IACIT CTICITA CATOGO CAAGA ACACAGA AGAA CACAT CCTCTO AAITA CCAAATA CTAACAGAAO ACACTCI GG GTTATA CIGGO TG CGAAGA L Q L Y F S F Y K G S K T L R Q R N T S S E Y Q I L T A R R E D S G L Y W C E A A P A C L A A A C C C A A A C C $\frac{300}{1}$ το $\frac{3$ Ας CCICCCIACIACIACCACCAGCAGOAGOAGOAGAAACCTCTGGCCTTGAGGTGTCATGCGTGGAAGGATAAGCTGGTGATACCAATGCCTTTACTATGCAAATGCCAA C ν ι ι α γ s s s n γ f t e α e f ι λ ι R C μ λ ν κ σ κ ι γ γ η γ ι η α κ α κ α κ ι γ γ η γ ι η α σ κ α κ α κ δυυ Αφεςιπιλιότιππεςλείσολλητετλίες τελεελιότης πλλλες πλλησιελελλησος λείτλες κατησείτλος τα σάλλλας επικέτλες το Α F K F H W H S H L T I L K T H I S H H O T Y H C S O H G K H R Y T S A G I S CIICANIAICTIGCAIGTI

AACTGOQ-AAÄAAAAAAA

-1 +1

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ολολλλοολλλοςττος τολολιτολετολετοιλος οδοστλλλος ολολλλος ολολλλος τη του του της της της της της της της τος Ε ν ε τ ε γ μ π L τ γ λ ε ο κ τ ο ν ο γ τ L ε γ λ ο ο τ γ L L L L ε γ Ι s 1 τ τ

CCATCATTGICATTTTCCTTAACAGAAGGAAGGAGAAGAAGAAGTCTATTTACAGAGTCCTGGGÁTACACAGAAGGCACCCAATÁACTATAGAAGTCCCATCTCTACCAGTC

Ι32Ι ΤΙΤΤΙCΑΤΑΘΑΑCTGTTTCAGAAAACCTGACTCTAACTGATTAATATACAAAAGAAAACTTAC10ΤΑΤCΑΤΑΤΑΑCAGAAATGATCCAGGGGAGATTAAGCTTTGGGCAAAGGGCTATTTAC 1201 CΤΙΑΙΘΙΆCΙCΑΤGCΑΤGGΑΑΤΤΙΤΙΤΤΤΟCΑCΤΑCCCΑΑΘΟΙCΤΑCCΤΤΑΘΑΤΑCΤΑΘΤΙΘΤΟΤΟΑΑΤΤΘΑΘΤΑCΤΤGATAGGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

1441 ζΑΘΘΘΟΤΙΑΆΑΤΘΤΓΘΤΟΙΑΘΑΑΤΤΑΆΘΤΑΤΘΘΘΟΑΤΑΆΑΑΟΤΘΘΟΤΤΟΤΘΑΑΤΟΟΟΤΤΙΟΟΑΘΑΘΤΟΙΤΘΘΑΤΟΟΑΤΤΙΟΟΟΤΟΤΟΘΟΟΟΤΟΑΤΟΑΤΟΑΤΘΟΑΘΑΘΟΤΙΤΟΟΤΟΤ

1601 ΘΙΘΙΙΘΘΟΑλΘΑΙΘΟΣΑΑΚΙΚΙΤΙΘΘΟΑΑΤΙΟΑΙΑΟΑΙΟΟΤΙΘΙΤΙΟΙΘΙΑΘΑΘΑΤΙΤΘΟΤΙΤΙΘΟΤΙΑΘΑΑΑΙΘΑΑΟΚΑΑΙΤΙΘΑΙΤΑΙΤΙΤΙΤΙΟΑΤΑΘΙΤΑΑΤΑΘΕΘΟΑ

1001 ACATGACCATAAAGGATGGAATGGCTTAAGTAAA

(SEQ ID NO:26)

GCACCCTCAC CGTCTACTAT AGCCCGGAGA CCATCGGCAG GCGAGTGGCT GTGGGACTCG GGTCCTGCCT CGCCATCCTC T L T V Y Y S P E T I G R V Λ V G L G S C L Λ I L 1441 GGAGCCGGTG AAGGTCCAGC ACTCGGGTGC CTACTGGTGC CAGGGGACCA ACAGTGTGGG CAAGGGCCGT TCGCCTCTCA GCCAACCCTC CCGTCTCCCA CTACACTGG TTTGACTGGA ATAACCAAAG CCTCCCCTAC CACAGCCAGA AGCTGAGATT CCAGGAGGCT GCGTGTGC ATGAGCCCGGG GGGACCAAGT GATGGAGGGG AAGAGTGCAA CCCTGACCTG TGAGAGCGAC R R L R V S M S P G D Q V M E G K S A T L T C E S D 1201 TGGGAGTTAC AGCTGCTGGG TGAACAACTC CATAGGACAG ACAGCGTCCA AGGCCTGGAC ACTTGAAGTG CTGTATGCAC 1121 CAGTICTICI GGGAGAAAA TGGCAGGCTT CTGGGGAAAG AAAGCCAGCT GAATTITGAC TCCATCTCCC CAGAAGATGC A W T L N F D G T N SK Q T z ď F D W N ø K V Q II S G A Y W C ŋ Н П NNN Ц 3 V S H Y T G R ۸ ۲ z

1601 ATCCTGGCAA TCTGTGGGCT CAAGCTCCAG CGACGTTGGA AGAGGACACA GAGCCAGCAG GGGCTTCAGG AGAATTCCAG 3 × ۲ α K L Д

1761 ATCCAATGAT GGAAGATGGC ATTAGCTACA CCACCCTGCG CTTTCCCGAG ATGAACATAC CACGAACTGG AGATGCAGAG 1681 CGGCCAGAGC TTCTTTGTGA GGAATAAAAA GGTTAGAAGG GCCCCCTCT CTGAAGGCCC CCACTCCCTG GGATGCTACA A P L S I S en T I R K V R R F F V R N K D G ഥ

1841 TCCTCAGAGA TGCAGAGC TCCCCCGGAC TGCGATGACA CGGTCACTTA TTCAGCATTG CACAAGCGCCC AAGTGGGCAC S S E M Q R P P D C D D T V T Y S A L 11 K R Q V G T.

1921 TATGAGAACG TCATTCCAGA TTTTCCAGAA GATGAGGGGA TTCATTACTC AGAGCTGATC CAGTTTGGGG TCGGGGAGCG M R G × ſ. I O Ţ

2001 GCCTCAGGCA. CAAGAAAATG TGGACTATGT GATCCTCAAA CATTGACACT GGATGGGCTG CAGCAGAGGC ACTGGGGGCA

ACGCGGAAAC AGGCTTGCAC CCAGACACGA CACCATGCAT CTCCTCGGCC CCTGGCTCCT GCTCCTGGTT ÇTAGAATACT G P TGGCTTTCTC TGACTCAAGT AAATGGGTTT TTGAGCACCC TGAAACCCTC TACGCCTGGG AGGGGGCCTG CGTCTGGATC Y A W E G A ETL E II P ± ∧ ×

CCCTGCACCT ACAGAGCCCT AGATGGTGAC CTGGAAAGCT TCATCCTGTT CCACAATCCT GAGTATAACA AGAACACCTC P C T Y R A L D G D L E S F I L F H N F. E Y N K N T S

GAAGITIGAI GGGACAAGAC ICTAIGAAAG CACAAAGGAI GGGAAGGIIC CIICIGAGCA GAAAAGGGIG CAATICCIGG G K V P T K D EI S R L Y G T 241

GAGACAAGAA TAAGAACTGC ACACTGAGTA TCCACCGGT GCACCTCAAT GACAGTGGTC AGCTGGGGCT GAGGATGGAG D K N K N C T L S I H P V H L N D S G Q L G L R M E D K N K N C T L S I H P V

TCCAAGACTG AGAAATGGAT GGAACGAATA CACCTCAATG TCTCTGAAAG GCCTTTTCCA CCTCATATCC AGCTCCCTCC H L N V E R I 401

AGAAATTCAA GAGTCCCAGG AAGTCACTCT GACCTGCTTG CTGAATTTCT CCTGCTATGG GTATCCGATC CAATTGCAGT E 1 Q E S Q E V T L T C L L N F S C Y G Y P I Q L Q W 481

GGCTCCTAGA GGGGGTTCCA ATGAGGCAGG CTGCTGTCAC CTCGACCTCC TTGACCATCA AGTCTGTCTT CACCCGGAGC A V T G V P M R Q A

GAGCTCAAGT TCTCCCCACA GTGGAGTCAC CATGGGAAGA TTGTGACCTG CCAGCTTCAG GATGCAGATG GGAAGTTCCT E L K F S P Q W S II II G K I V T C Q L Q D A D G K F L

CTCCAATGAC ACGGTGCAGC TGAACGTGAA GCATCCTCCC AAGAAGGTGA CCACAGTGAT TCAAAACCCC ATGCCGATTC S N D T V Q L N V.K H P P K K V T T V I Q N P M P I R

GAGAAGGAGA CACAGTGACC CTTTCCTGTA ACTACAATTC CAGTAACCCC AGTGTTACCC GGTATGAATG GAAACCCCAT E G D T V T L S C N Y N S S N P S V T R Y E W K P H

GGCGCCTGGG AGGAGCCATC GCTTGGGGTG CTGAAGATCC AAAACGTTGG CTGGGACAAC ACAACCATCG CCTGCGCÀGC N V G W D N T T I A L K I Q E P S L G V

TTGTAATAGT TGGTGCTCGT GGGCCTCCCC TGTCGCCCTG AATGTCCAGT ATGCCCCCCG AGACGTGAGG GTCCGGAAAA N V Q Y SPVAL <

1041 TCAAGCCCCT TTCCGAGATT CACTCTGGAA ACTCGGTCAG CCTCCAATGT GACTTCTCAA GCAGCCACCC CAAAGAAGTC KPLSEIHSGNSVST

Please replace the fourth paragraph on page 94, from line 25 to page 95, line 3 with the following:

Example XIII The Isolation and Molecular Cloning of cDNA Encoding for T Lymphocyte-specific CD27 Antigen

A cDNA clone encoding CD27 was obtained from human T lymphocyte cDNA transferred into COS cells and immunoselected by the method of the present invention. RNA was extracted from the mononuclear cells derived from a unit of blood, after four days of culture in medium containing 1 [u]µg/ml phytohemagglutinin (PHA), using guanidium thiocyanate. The total RNA was poly-A selected. cDNA was made and cloned into CDM8, transfected into COS cells and the CD27 cDNA was immunoselected with monoclonal antibodies OKT18a and CLB-9F4 (provided as described in Seed and Aruffo Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 84:8573-8577 (1987); and Aruffo and Seed Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84:3365-3369 (1987)). The vector contained a 1.2 kb cDNA insert.

Table 5 (SEO ID NO:28)

GGGGTGCAAA GAAGAGACAG CAGCGCCCAG CTTGGAGGTG CTAACTCCAG AGGCCAGCAT CAGCAACTGG GCACAGAAAG

GAGCCGCCTG GGCAGGGACC ATGGCACGGC CACATCCCTG GTGGCTGTGC GTTCTGGGGA CCCTGGTGGG GCTCTCAGCT L V > L ပ M L 3 Д Ξ 81

ACTCCAGCCC CCAAGAGCTG CCCAGAGAGG CACTACTGGG CTCAGGGAAA GCTGTGCTGC CAGATGTGTG AGCCAGGAAC ပ w Ø U ר. ני Q G K P E R H Y W R S 161

ATTCCTCGTG AAGGACTGTG ACCAGCATAG AAAGGCTGCT CAGTGTGATC CTTGCATACC GGGGGTCTCC TTCTCTCCTG C I P G V Q C D P Q II R K N N 241

ACCACCACAC CCGGCCCCAC TGTGAGAGCT GTCGGCACTG TAACTÓTGGT CTTCTCGTTC GCAACTGCAC CATCACTGCC LLVRNCTITA G R II C N S ر ا О ы Ξ ANTECTGAGT GIGCCTGTCG CAATGGCTGG CAGTGCAGGG ACAAGGAGTG CACCGAGTGT GATCCTCTTC CAAACCCTTC D P L P ပ TE U 凹 × R D ပ ď N G N A C R 401

CCAGGACAGE TGGGCACATG CAGACTCTGG CTGACTTCAG GCAGCTGCCT GCCCGGACTC TCTCTACCCA CTGGCCACCC GCTGACCGCT CGGTCGTCTC AGGCCCTGAG CCCACACCCT CAGCCCACCC ACTTACCTTA TGTCAGTGAG ATGCTGAGG > L P Y Q P T II A L S P II P 481

CAAAGATCCC TGTÇCAGCTC CGATTTTATT CGCATCCTTG TGATCTTCTC TGGAATGTTC CTTGTTTTCA CCCTGGCCGG H ഗ A R T L ت Σ ŋ Q L P ഗ <u>-</u> Η F R Ω r T H ſΞų Ţ Ω Σ <u>۳</u> ک 641 561

GGCCCTGTTC CTCCATCAAC GAAGGAAATA TAGATCAAAC AAAGGAGAAA GTCCTGTGGA GCCTGCAGAG CCTTGTCGTT 드 G z α L II ACAGCTGCCC CAGGGAGGAG GAGGGCAGCA CCATCCCCAT CCAGGAGGAT TACCGAAAAC CGGAGCCTGC CTGCTCCCCC Y R K P Ω Ø ЬТ Η ST ტ

TGAGCCAGCA CCTGCGGTAG CTGCACTACA GCCCTGGCCT CCACCCCCAC CCCGCCGACC ATCCAAGGGA GAGTGAGACC TGGCAGCCAC AACTGCAGTC CCATCCTCTT GTCAGGGCCC TTTCCTGTGT ACACGTGACA GAGTGCCTTT TCGAGACTGG 961

1041 CAGGGACGAG GACAAATATG GATGAGGTGG AGAGTGGGAA GCAGGAGCCC AGCCAGCTGC GCGCGCGTGC AGGAGGGCGG

- CCAGATTIGG GGATCATGAA CIGIAGCCAT CCCCIGGCCA GCTTCAGCTT TACCICTGCA IGIACCITCA TCTGCTCAGA --CII0--C T F < H --CIIO--ပ
- AAACCACCTG TGGACCATTT GGAAACTGGT CATCTCCAGA ACCAACCTGT CAAGTGATTC AGTGTGAGCC TCTATCAGCA --CIIO--ပ 3
- TCACTCTTTG GGAAACTICA GCTTCAGCTC ACAGTGTGCC TTCAGCTGCT CTGAAGGAAC AAACTTAACT GGGATTGAAG N L ပ Ľ < ပ Ø ഥ --CH 0-r S
- GGGTACTATG GGCCCCAGTG TCAGTTTGTG ATTCAGTGTG AGCCTTTGGA GGCCCCAGAG CTGGGTACCA TGGACTGTAC G П 凹 Д < 口 L Сļ C E ø Q F. V
- CTATATCAAG AGAAACAAAG ATGCAGGCAA ATGGAACGAT GACGCCTGCC ACAAACTAAA GGCAGCCCTC TGTTACACAG CTTCTTGCCA GCCCTGGTCA TGCAGTGGCC ATGGAGAATG TGTAGAAATC ATCAATAATT ACACCTGCAA CTGTGATGTG T C N A A L X K L K N D A C H H V 瓦 --C HO--G E C K W N D H C ט S < ပ K D . S 3 N N Д 561 481
- AAAICICICA CIGAAGAAGC AGAGAACIGG GGAGAIGGIG AGCCCAACAA CAAGAAGAAC AAGGAGGACT GCGIGGAGAT > ы K K N z z Д ŋ Ω G Z z E E 401

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- AAGGGCTAGA AGATTCTGCC GAGACAATTA CACAGATTTA GTTGCCATAC AAAACAAGGC GGAAATTGAG TATCTGGAGA R A R R F C R D N Y T D L V A Í Q N K A E I E Y L E K AGACTCTGCC TTTCAGTCGT TCTTACTACT GGATAGGAAT CCGGAAGATA GGAGGAATAT GGACGTGGGT GGGAACCAAC T W C T -- OII) M I D D × × C I H SYYW 241
- ATGCTCTGTT GTGATTTCCT GGCACATCAT GGAACCGACT GCTGGACTTA CCATTATTCT GAAAAACCCA TGAACTGGCA Д × ά **`**>: Ξ T Y Ξ ر ا Ω <u>-</u> Ŋ A H H H <u>-</u> Ω
- GCNAAGCCAT GATATTTCCA TGGAAATGTC AGAGCACCCA GAGGGACTTA TGGAACATCT TCAAGTTGTG GGGGTGGACA RTRE W N I F K L W R D L α H ပ വ I 81
- CTCCCTTTGG GCAAGGACCT GAGACCCTTG TGCTAAGTCA AGAGGCTCAA TGGGCTGCAG AAGAACTAGA GAAGGACCAA 7

Table 6 - continued (SEQ ID NO:30)

AGGAACTGAG TTAATTGGGA AGAAGAAAAC CATTTGTGAA TCATCTGGAA TCTGGTCAAA TCCTAGTCCA ATATGTCAAA Д ပ 1041 NATIGGACNA ANGITICICA ATGATTAAGG AGGGTGATTA TAACCCCCTC TTCATICCAG TGGCAGTCAT GGTTACTGCA OHURANIA KARRIMINEN BERKARRIKA KRI z ×

1121 TICTCTGGGT TGGCATTTAT CATTTGGCTG GCAAGGAGAT TAAAAAAAGG CAAGAAATCC AAGAGAAGTA TGAATGACCC ຜ K K. B R L ĸ M L <

1201 ATATTAAATC GCCCTTGGTG AAAGAAAATT CTTGGAATAC TAAAAATCAT GAGATCCTTT AAATCCTTCC ATGAAACGTT

TIGTGTGGTG GCACCTCCTA CGTCAAACAT GAAGTGTGTT TCCTTCAGTG CATCTGGGAA GATTTCTACC TGACCAACAG

1521 ACTCTTGTTT TCAGTTTCAA TTCAGTGCTG TACTTGATGA CAGACACTTC TAAATGAAGT GCAAATTTGA TACATATGTG Ţ Ω Y L M T H > ಬ

(293)

1681 AAAAAGTCTA CGCTCTTT TCTTTCTAAC TCCAGTGAAG TAATGGGGTC CTGCTCAAGT TGAAAGAGTC CTATTTGCAC 1761 TGTAGCCTCG CCGTCTGTGA ATTGGACCAT CCTATTTAAC TGGCTTCAGC CTCCCCACCT TCTTCAGCCA CCTCTTTT 1601 ANTATGGACT CAGTTTTCTT GCAGATCAAA TTTCACGTCG TCTTCTGTAT ACTGTGGAGG TACACTCTTA TAGAAAGTTC

1921 TTAGTTTGGG GGTTTTGCTG TTTCCTTTTA TGAGACCCAT TCCTATTTCT TATAGTCAAT GTTTCTTTTA TCACGATATT

Table 6 <u>continued</u> (SEQ ID NO:30)

2241 AGCTCCTCTT CCTGGCTTCT TACTGAAAGG TTACCCTGTA ACATGCAATT TTGCATTTGA ATAAAGCCTG CTTTTTAAGT 2081 GAAATTCCTT GATTCACAAT GAAATGCTCT CCTTTCCCCT GCCCCCAGAC CTTTTATCCG ACTTACCTAG ATTCTACATA 2161 TTCTTTAAAT TTCATCTCAG GCCTCCCTCA ACCCCACCAC TTCTTTATA ACTAGTGCTT TACTAATCCA ACCCATGATG 2001 ATTAGTAAGA AAACATCACT GAAATGCTAG CTGCAAGTGA CATCTCTTTG ATGTCATATG GAAGAGTTAA AACAGGTGGA

P T D	CTACTGTACA T V II	CCCCATCCCA GACGAAGACA GTCCCTGGAT CACCGACAGC ACAGACAGAA TCCCTGCTAC CAGAGACCAA GACACATTCC	ACCCCAGTGG GGGGTCCCAT ACCACTCATG AATCTGAATC AGATGGACAC TCACATGGGA GTCAAGAAGG TGGAGCAAAC	ACAACCTCTG GTCCTATAAG GACACCCCAA ATTCCAGAAT GGCTGATCAT CTTGGCATCC CTCTTGGCCT TGGCTTTGAT T T S G P I R T P Q I P E W L I I L A S L L A L I T T S G P I R T P Q I P E W L I I L A S L L A L I T T S G P I R T P Q I P E W L I I L A S L L A L I T T S G P I R T P Q I P E W L I I L A S L L A L I I L A S L L A L I I I L A S L L A L I I I L A S L L A L I I I I L A S L L A L I I I I L A S L L A L I I I I L A S L L A L I I I I L A S L L A L I I I I L A S L L A L I I I I I L A S L L L A L I I I I I I L A S L L L A L I I I I I L A S L L L A L I I I I I L A S L L L A L I I I I I I L A S L L L A L I I I I I I I I I I L A S L L L A L I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
ACCGTGATGG CACCCGCTAT GTCCAGAAAG GAGAATACAG AACGAATCCT GAAGACATCT ACCCCAGCAAA CCAAGAAAAG GAGAATACAG AACGAATCCT GAAGACATCT ACCCCAGCAAA CCAAGAAAA CAAAAAAAAAA	GATGACGTGA GCAGCGGCTC CTCCAGTGAA AGGAGCAGCA CTTCAGGAGG TTACATCTTT TACACCTTTT CTACTGTACA D D V S S G S S E R S S T S G G Y I F Y T F S T V H	CAGAGACCAA R D Q	GTCAAGAAGG Q E G	CTCTTGGCCT L L A L	
GAAGACATCT E D I Y	TTACATCT'F'F Y I F	TCCCTGCTAC P A T	TCACATGGGA S II G S	CTTGGCATCC L A S	
AACGAATCCT T N P	CTTCAGGAGG S G G	ACAGACAGAA T D R I	AGATGGACAC D G H	GGCTGATCAT L I I	
GAGAATACAG E Y R	AGGAGCAGCA R S S T	CACCGACAGC T D S	AATCTGAATC S E S	ATTCCAGAAT I P E W	
GTCCAGAAAG V Q K G	CTCCAGTGAA S S E	GTCCCTGGAT P W I	ACCACTCATG T T 11 E	GACACCCCAA T P Q	
CACCCGCTAT T R Y	GCAGCGGCTC S G S	GACGAAGACA	GGGGTCCCAT	GTCCTATAAG P I R	
ACCGTGATGG	GATGACGTGA D D V S	CCCCATCCCA	ACCCCAGTGG	ACAACCTCTG T T S G	

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881

AGTECACCT GAAGAAGATT GTACATCAGACCTG CCCAATGCCT TTGATGGACC AATTACCATA ACTATTGTTA A P P E E D C T S V T D L P N A F D G P I T I T I V H AAGACATCT ACCCCAGCAA CCCTACTGAT

ATCTGTGCAG CAAACAACAC AGGGGTGTAC ATCCTCACAT ACAACACCTC CCAGTATGAC ACATATTGCT TCAATGCTTC H I L G V Y z z 401

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CTCTGAGCAT CGGATTTGAG ACCTGCAGGT ATGGGTTCAT AGAAGGGCAT GTGGTGATTC CCCGGATCCA CCCCAACTCC CAGCATCTCT CGGACGGAGG CCGCTGACCT CTGCAAGGCT TTCAATÄGCA CCTTGCCCAC AATGGCCCAG ATGGAAAAA --C 110--C H 凹 G F I E A A D L C K A T C R Y 211 321

CCGCTGAGCC TGGCGCAGAT CGATTTGAAT ATAACCTGCC GCTTTGCAGG TGTATTCCAC GTGGAGAAAA ATGGTCGCTA F A G CR I I z Ω 161

CCTITICGCCC GCGCCCTCCG TTCGCTCCGG ACACCATGGA CAAGTTTTGG TGGCACGCAG CCTGGGGACT CTGCCTCGTG CCAGCCTCTG CCAGGTTCGG TCCGCCATCC TCGTCCCGTC CTCCGCGGG CCCTGCCCCG CGCCCAGGGA TCCTCCAGCT M II N N لتر × 8 1

(SEQ ID NO:31)

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Table 7 - continued (SEQ ID NO:31)

1121 TCGTCAGAAA CTCCAGACCA GTTTATGACA GCTGATGAGA CAAGGAACCT GCAGAATGTG GACATGAAGA TTGGGGTGTA S S E T P D Q F M T A D E T R N L Q N V D M K I G V \star 1201 ACACCTACAC CATTATCTTG GAAAGAAACA ACCGTTGTAA ACATAACCAT TACAGGGAGC TGGGACACTT AACAGATGCA 1041 CTGTGGAGGA CAGAAAGCCA AGTGGACTCA ACGGAGAGGC CAGCAAGTCT CAGGAAATGG TGCATTTGGT GAACAAGGAG TCTTGCAGIT TGCATTGCAG TCAACAGTCG AAGAAGGTGT GGGCAGAAGA AAAAGCTAGT GATCAACAGT GGCAATGGAG Q E M V II L V N K E G Q K, K

TCTGACATCA AGCAATAGGTGTGGAAGA AGAGACCCAAA ATCATTCTGA AGGCTCAACT CATTTACTGG L T S S N R N D V T G G R R D P N 11 S E G S T H L L E ACGCAGCAGA GTAATTCTCA GAGCTTCTCT ACATCACATG AAGGCTTGGA AGAAGATAAA GACCATCCAA CAACTTCTAC GTACAACGCT TCAGCCTACT GCAAATCCAA ACACAGGTTT GGTGGAAGAT TTGGACAGGA CAGGACCTCT TTCAATGACA T S H · E G L E T G L Q P T A N P N Q S F S 196

T D

H

ф

721

CCCCNTCCCA GACGAAGACA GTCCCTGGAT CACCGACAGC ACAGACAGAA TCCCTCGTAC CAATATGGAC TCCAGTCATA GATGACGTGA GCAGCGGCTC CTCCAGTGAA AGGAGCAGCA CTTCAGGAGG TTACATCTTT TACACCTTTT CTACTGTACA ACCGTGATGG CACCCGCTAT GTCCAGAAAG GAGAATACAG AACGAATCCT GAAGACATCT ACCCCAGCAA CCCTACTGAT ~ E V Q K G S S E T R Y 641 561

AGCTCCACCT GAAGAAGATT GTACATCAGT CACAGACCTG CCCAATGCCT TTGATGGACC AATTACCATA ACTATTGTTA A P P E E D C T S V T D L P N A F D G P I T I T I V N --CHO--

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CTCTGAGCAT CGGATTTGAG ACCTGCAGGT ATGGGTTCAT AGAAGGGCAT GTGGTGATTC CCCGGATCCA CCCCAACTCC L S I G F E T C R Y G F I E G 11 V V I P R I H P N S ATCTGTGCAG CAAACAACAC AGGGGTGTAC ATCCTCACAT ACAACACCTC CCAGTATGAC ACATATTGCT TCAATGCTTC I

CAGCATCTCT CGGACGGAGG CCGCTGACCT CTGCAAGGCT TTCAATAGCA CCTTGCCCAC AATGGCCCAG ATGGAGAAAG CCGCTGAGCC TGGCGCAGAT CGATTTGAAT ATAACCTGCC GCTTTGCAGG TGTATTCCAC GTGGAGAAAA ATGGTCGCTA --C HO--ပ Ŧ N I a 161

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CCTITCGCCC GCGCCCTCCG TTCGCTCCGG ACACCATGGA CAAGTTTTGG TGGCACGCAG CCTGGGGACT CTGCCTCGTG CCAGCCTCTG CCAGGTTCGG TCCGCCATCC TCGTCCCTC CTCCGCCGGC CCCTGCCCC CGCCCAGGGA TCCTCCAGCT KF

(SEO ID NO:33)

(SEO ID NO:33)

1281 CCTCTGGTCC TATAAGGACA CCCCAAATTC CAGAATGGCT GATCATCTTG GCATCCCTCT TGGCCTTGGC TTTGATTCTT 1201 CAGTGGGGG TCCCATACCA CTCATGGATC TGAATCAGAT GGACACTCAC ATGGGAGTCA AGAAGGTGGA GCAAACACAA 1121 GGAGTTACTG CAGTTACTGT TGGAGATTCC AACTCTAATG TCAATCGTTC CTTATCAGGA GACCAAGACA CATTCCACCC 1041 AAGGTTATAC CTCTCATTAC CCACACACGA AGGAAAGCAG GACCTTCATC CCAGTGACCT CAGCTAAGAC TGGGTCCTTT E G G S O N R S L S G G H S II I, L V N S N M I E P Q I P ಬ E G G D Р Н IRT SHY

1361 GCAGTTTGCA TTGCAGTCAA CAGTCGAAGA AGGTGTGGGC AGAAGAAAAA GCTAGTGATC AACAGTGGCA ATGGAGCTGT H K. L V × × --CIIO--ပ R R ಭ z >

1521 CAGAAACTCC AGACCAGTTT ATGACAGCTG ATGAGACAAG GAACCTGCAG AATGTGGACA TGAAGATTGG GGTGTAACAC 1441 GGAGGACAGA AAGCCAAGTG GACTCAACGG AGAGGCCAGC AAGTCTCAGG AAATGGTGCA TTTGGTGAAC AAGGAGTCGT M V II L V N N V D M K S Q E N E T R ಬ G E A MTAD L N

1681 GCTACTGATT GTTTCATTTC GAATCTATAA TAGCATAAAA TTTTCTACTC TTTTTGTTTT TTGTGTTTTG TTCTTTAAAG 1761 TCAGGTCCAA TTTGTAAAAA CAGGATTGCT TTCTGAAATT AGGGCCCAAT TAATAATCAG CAAGAATTTT GATCGTTTCA 1601 CTACACCATT ATCTTGGAAA GAAACAACGT TGGAAACATA ACCATTACAG GGGAGCTGGG ACACTTAACA GATGCAATGT

1841 GTTCCCCACT TGGAGGCCTT TCATCCCTCG GGTGTGCTAT GGATGGCTTC TAACAAAAC CTACCACATA GTTATTCCTG

2001 CATITIGCCC TICCATIAGC CTAAICCCIG GGCATIGCTI ICCACIGAGG TIGGGGGTIG GGGIGTACIA GTIACACAIC 1921 ATCGCCAACC TTGCCCCCCA CCAGCTAAGG ACATTTCCAG GGTTAATAGG GCCTGGTCCT GGGAGGAAAT TTGAATGGGT

2081 TTCAACAGAC CCCCTCTAGA AATTTTTCAG ATGCTTCTGG GAGACACCCA AAGGGTAAGT CTATTTATCT GTAGTAAACT

2161 ATTINTCTGT GTTTTTGAAA TATTAAACCC TGGATCAGTC CTTTTATTCA GTATAATTTT TTAAAGTTAC TTTGTCAGAG

2241 GCACAAAAAG GGTTTAAACT GATTCATAAT AAATATCTGT ACCTTCTTCG AAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAA

T P D Q F

(SEQ ID NO:35) Table 9

CTGAGGA ACGGTGCCTG GAAAAGGGCA AGAATATCAC GGCATGGGCA

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M G M	TTTGGGC L G	AATGTGTT N V F =====	TCTGCTTA L L M ======	SAACAGAAG S Q K	AGCGIGGGA A W D	CTTGCCCCT	NATCATCAC' I I T =======	CCAGCCAGA S Q T	TATAGCAT(""	TCTTATACAN TAGGTCCTG TCTTATACAA CCAGAGAAGT
	CAT	0 0C/ 0 1	7G 7G C	IN TO	ນ ອອ	SCA T	CGG 1	AAAA T	CATT	ACAA
	GGCTGCT	CACGCTG T L	GAAAACA/ E N K	CTTTGTA' F V	AGCACCAA S T K	CCCACCA(TGTATAT Y I	ATTGACA I D F	CAAAAC	TCTTAT
	ATCT GT I C	S L	ATCAA G I K ==	CCTGC T	SACAAT 7	cagtgġ s g	ATTTCC F L	CTGCCAG C Q	GGAAATG	GTCCTG
MAMMO	TTTGG	CTCCC L P	GCTCT S =====	GCCAT A I	CTCA(S I	GGAC	r rccz	F GAA(c TCC	ית ידי
9 5.T.225	rrgcrc 1 J L F	CCATAA C H N	GCATGG	ACCTTG T L	GTTACCA Y H	- AGTGATT S D W	SGTTTCA ^J F H	CTGACCC' L T L	GTTTCAT	
Acggī	CAACJ N J	TCTT F	GGCT G C	GGTC V	C ACC	C HO-C ACG	or Gre	IG CA	AC TT	S
ACTGAGGA	AAGTATGTCC TGTTTTCTT CAACTTGCTC TTTTGGATCT GTGGCTGCTG CATTTTGGGC K Y V L F F N L L F W I C G C C I L G	CGGAGTGC G V L	CCTTCCTG	CCTTGCTGA L A E	ACAGCATCO S I 1	FATAAATGG I N G	AAGCAAGAC A R I	ATGTCCTT' M S F	GTGÅAGAG	
NAA GGI	TCC TG' / L	CAAC TT N F	TAGT TO	I L	rgacc g T	TGTGG 7	ATGCGA "A. K	TTGGGG L G	TCTGTG	
CTGCCG	AAGTATG K Y V	CCACAA(H N	TCATGG M V	CTGATT L I	GGGTC	AGTGT	r rgcr <i>i</i> c y	A GGTG'	G TAGT	
CTCAAGGATA ATCACTAAAT TCTGCCGAAA GGACTGAGGA ACGGTGCCTG GAAMAGGGCA ACTCAAGGATA	XAACTGCTG	TTTGGGATCT ACCTGCTGAT CCACAACA TTCGGAGTGC TCTTCCATAA CCTCCCCTCC	GGCTCTATTA TCATGGTAGT TGCCTTCCTG GGCTGCATGG GCTCTATCAA GGAAAACAAG TGTCTGCTTA G S I I M V V A F L G C M G S I K E N K C L L M =================================	CATCCTGCTG CTGATTATCC TCCTTGCTGA GGTGACCTTG GCCATCCTGC TCTTTGTATA TGAACAGAAG I L L L I I L L A E V T L A I L L F V Y E Q K	CTGAATGAGT ATGTGGCTAAA GGGTCTGACC GACAGCATCC ACCGTTACCA CTCAGACAAT AGCACCAAGG CAGCGIGGGA L n e y v a k g l t d s i h r y h s d n s t k a a d	C HO CTCCATCCAG TCATTTCTGC AGTGTTGATTGGC ACGAGTGATT GGACCAGTGG CCCACCAGCA TCTTGCCCCT S I Q S F L Q C C G I N G T S D W T S G P P A S C P S	CAGATCGAAA AGTGGAGGT TGCTATGCGA AAGCAAGACT GTGGTTTCAT TCCAATTTCC TGTATATCGG AATCATCACC	ATCTGTGTAT GTGTGTTGGGG ATGTCCTTTG CACTGACCCT GAACTGCCAG ATTGACAAAA CCAGCCAGAC I C V C V I E V L G M S F A L T L N C Q I D K T S Q T I C V C V I E U L G M S F A L T L N C Q I D K T S Q T	*=====================================	*
ANGGATA AS	TGAGTAGCTT GAAACTGCTG S S L K L L	TTTGGGATCT ACCTGCTGAT F G I Y L L L I	TGTCATCGTG G	TGTCGTTCTT (S F F	rgaatgagt n e y	TCCATCCAG S I Q	SAGATCGAAA D R K	ATCTGTGTAT I C V C	======== ¢atagggcta	I G L
		: 161 TT F	241 TGT V	321 TC	401 C	481 C	561 (641	721	
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881 GGGTGTTGGC CAGGCACATC CCATCTCAGG CAGCAAGACA ATCTTTCACT CACTGACGGC AGCAGCCATG TCTCTCAAAG

801 ' AGCCCTACAT GATCACTGCA GGATGATCCT CCTCCCATCC TTTCCCTTTT TAGGTCCCTG TCTTATACAA CCAGAGAAGT

Table 9 <u>continued</u> (SEQ ID NO:35)

1201 CTAAGTGCCC TGGCTACAGG AATTACACAG TTCTCTTTCT CCAAAGGGCA AGATCTCATT TCAATTTCTT TATTAGAGGG 1281 CCTTATTGAT GTGTTCTAAG TCTTTCCAGA AAAAAACTAT CCAGTGATTT ATATCCTGAT TTCAACCAGT CACTTAGCTG 1361 ATAATCACAG TAAGAAGACT TCTGGTATTA TCTCTATC AGATAAGATT TTGTTAATGT ACTATTTAC TCTTCAATAA 1121 AGTCAAGCAA GAGACTAGTT GAAGGGAGTT CTGGGGCCAG GCTCACTGGA CCATTGTCAC AACCCTCTGT TTCTCTTTGA 1041 AACCCAGGAT ATGAATTTTT GCATCTTCCC ATTGTCGAAT TAGTCTCCAG CCTCTAAATA ATGCCCAGTC TTCTCCCCAA TEGTGAAACT AATATCTGAG CATCTTTAG ACAAGAGGG CAAAGACAAA CTGGATTTAA TGGCCCAACA TCAAAGGGTG

1441 ATAAAACAGT TT 145;

1 GGCGTAATCT GCTGCTTGCA AACAAAAAA CCACCGCTAC CAGCGGTGGT TTGTTTGCCG GATCAAGAGC TACCAACTCT TTTTCCGAAG GAACTGGCTT CAGCAGAGCG CAGATACCAA ATACTGTCCT TCTAGTGTAG CCGTAGTTAG GCCACCACTT CAAGAACTCT GTAGCACCGC CTACATACCT CGCTCTGCTA 101 201 ATCCTGTTAC CAGTGGCTGC TGCCAGTGGC GATAAGTCGT GTCTTACCGG GTTGGACTCA AGACGATAGT TACCGGATAA GGCGCAGCGG TCGGGCTGAA CGGGGGGTTC GTGCACACAG CCCAGCTTGG AGCGAACGAC CTACACCGAA 251 351 CTGAGATACC TACAGCGTGA GCTATGAGAA AGCGCCACGC TTCCCGAAGG 401 GAGAAAGGCG GACAGGTATC CGGTAAGCGG CAGGGTCGGA ACAGGAGAGC GCACGAGGGA GCTTCCAGGG GGAAACGCCT GGTATCTTTA TAGTCCTGTC 501 GGGTTTCGCC ACCTCTGACT TGAGCGTCGA TTTTTGTGAT GCTCGTCAGG 551 GGGGCGGAGC CTATGGAAAA ACGCCAGCAA CGCCGAATTA CCGCGGTCTT TCTCAACGTA ACACTITACA GCGGCGCGTC ATTTGATATG ATGCGCCCCG 651 CTTCCCGATA AGGGAGCAGG CCAGTAAAAG CATTACCCGT GGTGGGGTTC 701 CCGAGCGGCC AAAGGGAGCA GACTCTAAAT CTGCCGTCAT CGACTTCGAA 751 GGTTCGAATC CTTCCCCCAC CACCATCACT TTCAAAAGTC CGAAAGAATC 801 TGCTCCCTGC TTGTGTGTTG GAGGTCGCTG AGTAGTGCGC GAGTAAAATT 851 TAAGCTACAA CAAGGCAAGG CTTGACCGAC AATTGCATGA AGAATCTGCT 901 TAGGGTTAGG CGTTTTGCGC TGCTTCGCGA TGTACGGGCC AGATATACGC 951 GTTGACATTG ATTATTGACT AGTTATTAAT AGTAATCAAT TACGGCGTCA TTAGTTCATA GCCCATATAT GGAGTTCCGC GTTACATAAC TTACGGTAAA TGGCCCGCCT GGCTGACCGC CCAACGACCC CCGCCCATTG ACGTCAATAA 1001 TGACGTATGT TCCCATAGTA ACGCCAATAG GGACTTTCCA TTGACGTCAA 1151 TGGGTGGACT ATTTACGGTA AACTGCCCAC TTGGCAGTAC ATCAAGTGTA 1201 TCATATGCCA AGTACGCCCC CTATTGACGT CAATGACGGT AAATGGCCCG CCTGGCATTA TGCCCAGTAC ATGACCTTAT GGGACTTTCC TACTTGGCAG 1301 TACATCTACG TATTAGTCAT CGCTATTACC ATGGTGATGC GGTTTTGGCA GTACATCAAT GGGCGTGGAT AGCGGTTTGA CTCACGGGGA TTTCCAAGTC TCCACCCCAT TGACGTCAAT GGGAGTTTGT TTTGGCACCA AAATCAACGG GACTITICCAA AATGTCGTAA CAACTCCGCC CCATTGACGC AAATGGGCGG 1401 AATTCCTGGG CGGGACTGGG GAGTGGCGAG CCCTCAGATG CTGCATATAA 1451 1551 GCAGCTGCTT TTTGCCTGTA CTGGGTCTCT CTGGTTAGAC CAGATCTGAG CCTGGGAGCT CTCTGGCTAA CTAGAGAACC CACTGCTTAA GCCTCAATAA AGCTTCTAGA GATCCCTCGA CCTCGAGGGA TCTTCCATAC CTACCAGTTC 1601

1701 TGCGCCTGCA GGTCGCGGCC GCGACTCTAG AGGATCTTTG TGAAGGAACC 1751 TTACTTCTGT GGTGTGACAT AATTGGACAA ACTACCTACA GAGATTTAAA 1801 GCTCTAAGGT AAATATAAAA TTTTTAAGTG TATAATGTGT TAAACTACTG 1851 ATTCTAATTG TTTGTGTATT TTAGATTCCA ACCTATGGAA CTGATGAATG 1901 GCAGCAGTGG TGGAATGCCT TTAATGAGGA AAACCTGTTT TGCTCAGAAG 1951 AAATGCCATC TAGTGATGAT GAGGCTACTG CTGACTCTCA ACATTCTACT 2001 CCTCCAAAAA AGAAGAGAAA GGTAGAAGAC CCCAAGGACT TTCCTTCAGA 2051 ATTGCTAAGT TTTTTGAGTC ATGCTGTGTT TAGTAATAGA ACTCTTGCTT 2101 GCTTTGCTAT TTACACCACA AAGGAAAAAG CTGCACTGCT ATACAAGAAA 2151 ATTATGGAAA AATATTCTGT AACCTTTATA AGTAGGCATA ACAGTTATAA TCATAACATA CTGTTTTTC TTACTCCACA CAGGCATAGA GTGTCTGCTA 2251 TTAATAACTA TGCTCAAAAA TTGTGTACCT TTAGCTTTTT AATTTGTAAA CCCCTTAATA AGGAATATTT GATGTATAGT GCCTTGACTA GAGATCATAA TCAGCCATAC CACATTTGTA GAGGTTTTAC TTGCTTTAAA AAACCTCCCA 2301 CACCTCCCCC TGAACCTGAA ACATAAAATG AATGCAATTG TTGTTGTTAA 2351 2451 CTTGTTTATT GCAGCTTATA ATGGTTACAA ATAAAGCAAT AGCATCACAA ATTTCACAAA TAAAGCATTT TTTTCACTGC ATTCTAGTTG TGGTTTGTCC AAACTCATCA ATGTATCTTA TCATGTCTGG ATCCTGTGGA ATGTGTGTCA 2501 2601 GTTAGGGTGT GGAAAGTCCC CAGGCTCCCC AGCAGGCAGA AGTATGCAAA GCATGCATCT CAATFAGTCA GCAACCAGGT GTGGAAAGTC CCCAGGCTCC 2701 CCAGCAGGCA GAAGTATGCA AAGCATGCAT CTCAATTAGT CAGCAACCAT 2751 AGTCCCGCCC CTAACTCCGC CCATCCCGCC CCTAACTCCG CCCAGTTCCG 2801 CCCATTCTCC GCCCCATGGC TGACTAATTT TTTTTATTTA TGCAGAGGCC 2851 GAGGCCGCCT CGGCCTCTGA GCTATTCCAG AAGTAGTGAG GAGGCTTTTT TGGAGGCCTA GGCTTTTGCA AAAAGCTAAT TC 2901

[FIG. 1-2]<u>FIG. 1B</u>

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(60)
	CCTAAGATGAGCTTTCCATGTAAATTTGTAGCCAGCTTCCTTC	(60)
	TCCAAAGGTGCAGTCTCCAAAGAGATTACGAATGCCTTGGAAACCTGGGGTGCCTTGGGT TCCAAAGGTGCAGTCTCCAAAGAGATTACGAATGCCTTGGAAACCTGGGGTGCCTTGGGT SERLYSGLYALAVALSERLYSGLUILETHRASNALALEUGLUTHRTRPGLYALALEUGLY	(120)
	SERLYSGLYALAVALSERLISGEGILLISGE	(180)
20	GLNASPILEASINLEURSI ILLI TAJI	(240)
40	TRPGLULYSTHROERASPLISEISEISEISEISEISEISEISEISEISEISEISEISEI	(300)
60	TRPGLULYSTHRSERASPLTSLTSLTSLTSLTSLTSLTSLTSLTSLTSLTSLTSLTSL	(360)
90	ACCGATGATCAGGATATCTACAAGGTATCAATATATGATACAAAAGGAAAAAGGAAAAAGGAAAAAGGAAAAAGGAAAAAGGAAAA	
80	THRASPASPGLNASPILETTRETSTALGGUERGERGERGERGERGERGERGERGERGERGERGERGERGE	(420)
100	GLULYSILEPHEASPLEOLISICES	(480)
120	CYSILEASNIHRIHALEUTTAKO OGEOCHU	(540)
140	TYRGENASPOLYETSITISCHOCLOSTICCACCAACCAATCCAGTGTC	(600)
160	SERLEWERALALYST FELTSCISTANCE	(660)
180	SERLEUSERALALYSPHELTSCTSTTTTO DE SERLEUSERALALYSPHELTSCTSTTTTO DE SERLEUSERALALYSPHELTSCTSTTTTO DE SERLEUSERALALYSPHELTSCTSTTTTO CONTROL SERLEUSERALALYSPHELTSCTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTSTS	(720)
	GGAGGCAGCCTCTTGATGGTCTTTGTGGCACTGCTCGTTTTCTATATCACCAVAGGLYS	–
200	AAACAGAGGAGTCGGAGAAATGATGAGGAGCTGGAGACAAGAGCCCACAGAGTTAGATAAGAACAGAGCCCACAGAGTTAGAATAAATGATGAGAAATGAACAAGAGCCCACAGAGTTAGAATAAACAGAGCAGAGAGAG	(780)
220) LYSGLNARGERARGAGE S.	(840)
240	O GLUGLUARGULYARGLISI NOCE TO	(900)
26	O SERGLNHISPRUPRUPRUPRUI KUI KUI KUU KUI KUU KUI KUI KUI KUI K	(960)
28		

	CAAGTTCACCAGCAGAAAGGCCCGCCCCTCCCCAGACCTCGAGTTCAGCCAAAACCTCCC GLNVALHISGLNGLNLYSGLYPROPROLEUPROARGPROARGVALGLNPROLYSPROPRO	(1020)
300	CATGGGGCAGCAGAAAACTCATTGTCCCCTTCCTCTAATTAAAAAAGATAGAAACTGTCT HISGLYALAALAGLUASNSERLEUSERPROSERSERASNEND	(1080)
320	HISGLYALAALAGLUASNDERLEUDERFRUSERSCHUSTERSCHUSTERSCHUSTERSCHUSERSCHUSTERSCHusterschust	(1140)
	AGGTGTTTTCTGTGTGCAGACATTGTCACCTCCTGAGGCTGTGGGCCACAGCCACCTCT	(1200)
	GCATCTTCGAACTCAGCCATGTGGTCAACATCTGGAGTTTTTGGTCTCCTCAGAGAGCTC	(1260)
	CATCACACCAGTAAGGAGAAGCAATATAAGTGTGATTGCAAGAATGGTAGAGGACCGAGC	(1320)
	CATCACACCAGTAAGGAAGCAATATAAGTGTGTTTTGTCAGGTCATGTGTAGATGCGATAAATCAAG	(1380)
	TGATTGGTGTGCCTGGGTCTCACTACAAGCAGCCTATCTGCTTAAGAGACTCTGGAGTTT	(1440)
	CTTATGTGCCCTGGTGGACACTTGCCCCACCATCCTGTGAGTAAAAGTGAAATAAAAGCTT	(1500)
	CHAIGIGCCTGGTGGACACTTGCCGTGGTTTT	
	TGAC (1504)	

[FIG 2-2]FIG. 2B

1	GGCGTAATCT GCTGCTTGCA AACAAAAAA CCACCGCTAC CAGCGGTGGT
51	TTGTTTGCCG GATCAAGAGC TACCAACTCT TTTTCCGAAG GTAACTGGCT
101	TCAGCAGAGC GCAGATACCA AATACTGTCC TTCTAGTGTA GCCGTAGTTA
151	GGCCACCACT TCAAGAACTC TGTAGCACCG CCTACATACC TCGCTCTGCT
201	AATCCTGTTA CCAGTGGCTG CTGCCAGTGG CGATAAGTCG TGTCTTACCG
251	CGTTGGACTC AAGACGATAG TTACCGGATA AGGCGCAGCG GTCGGGCTGA
301	ACGGGGGGTT CGTGCACACA GCCCAGCTTG GAGCGAACGA CCTACACCGA
351	ACTGAGATAC CTACAGCGTG AGCATTGAGA AAGCGCCACG CTTCCCGAAG
401	GGAGAAAGGC GGACAGGTAT CCGGTAAGCG GCAGGGTCGG AACAGGAGAG
451	CGCACGAGGG AGCTTCCAGG GGGAAACGCC TGGTATCTTT ATAGTCCTGT
501	CGGGTTTCGC CACCTCTGAC TTGAGCGTCG ATTTTTGTGA TGCTCGTCAG
551	GGGGGGGGAG CCTATGGAAA AACGCCAGCA ACGCAAGCTA GCTTCTAGCT
601	ACAAATTGTA AACGTTAATA TTTTGTTAAA ATTCGCGTTA AATTTTGTT
651	AAATGAGCTC ATTTTTAAC CAATAGGCCG AAATCGGCAA AATCCCTTAT
701	AAATCAAAAG AATAGCCCGA GATAGGGTTG AGTGTTGTTC CAGTTTGGAA
751	CAAGAGTCCA CTATTAAAGA ACGTGGACTC CAACGTCAAA GGGCGAAAAA
801	CCGTCTATCA GGGCGATGGC CGCCCACTAC GTGAACCATC ACCCAAATCA
851	AGTTTTTTGG GGTCGAGGTG CCGTAAAGCA CTAAATCGGA ACCCTAAAGG
	GAGCCCCCGA TTTAGAGCTT GACGGGGAAA GCCGGCGAAC GTGGCGAGAA
901	AGGAAGGGAA GAAAGCGAAA GGAGCGGGCG CTAGGGCGCT GGCAAGTGTA
951	GCGGTCACGC TGCGCGTAAC CACCACACCC GCCGCGCTTA ATGCGCCGCT
1001	ACAGGGCGCG TACTATGGTT GCTTTGACGA GCACGTATAA CGTGCTTTCC
1051	ACACGGGGG TACTATOGTT GCTTTGTGG, GG 199

[FIG. 6-1]<u>FIG. 6A</u>

TCGTTGGAAT CAGAGCGGGA GCTAAACAGG AGGCCGATTA "AAGGGATTTT"
AGACAGGAAC GGTACGCCAG CTGGATCACC GCGGTCTTTC TCAACGTAAC
ACTITACAGE GGEGGGTCAT TTGATATGAT GEGECCEGET TECEGATAAG
GGAGCAGGCC AGTAAAAGCA TTACCCGTGG TGGGGTTCCC GAGCGGCCAA
ACCCAGCAGA CTCTAAATCT GCCGTCATCG ACTTCGAAGG TTCGAATCCT
TCCCCCACCA CCATCACTTT CAAAAGTCCG AAAGAATCTG CTCCCTGCTT
GTGTGTTGGA GGTCGCTGAG TAGTGCGCGA GTAAAATTTA AGCTACAACA
AGGCAAGGCT TGACCGACAA TTGCATGAAG AATCTGCTTA GGGTTAGGCG
TTTTGCGCTG CTTCGCGATG TACGGGCCAG ATATACGCGT TGACATTGAT
TATTGACTAG TTATTAATAG TAATCAATTA CGGGGTCATT AGTTCATAGC
CCATATATGG AGTTCCGCGT TACATAACTT ACGGTAAATG GCCCGCCTGG
CTGACCGCCC AACGACCCCC GCCCATTGAC GTCAATAATG ACGTATGTTC
CCATAGTAAC GCCAATAGGG ACTTTCCATT GACGTCAATG GGTGGACTAT
TTACGGTAAA CTGCCCACTT GGCAGTACAT CAAGTGTATC ATATGCCAAG
TACGCCCCCT ATTGACGTCA ATGACGGTAA ATGGCCCGCC TGGCATTATG
CCCAGTACAT GACCTTATGG GACTTTCCTA CTTGGCAGTA CATCTACGTA
TTACTCATCG CTATTACCAT GGTGATGCGG TTTTGGCAGT ACATCAATGG
CCCTGGATAG CGGTTTGACT CACGGGGATT TCCAAGTCTC CACCCCALIG
ACCICAATCS GAGTITGTTT TGGCACCAAA ATCAACGGGA CTTTCCAAAA
TOTOGTAACA ACTOCGCOCO ATTGACGCAA ATGGGCGGAA TTCCTGGGCG
CGACTGGGGA GTGGCGAGCC CTCAGATGCT GCATATAAGC AGCTGCTTT
TGCCTGTACT GGGTCTCTCT GGTTAGACCA GATCTGAGCC TGGGAGCTCT
L CTGGCTAACT AGAGAACCCA CTGCTTAAGC CTCAATAAAG CTTCTAGAGA
1 TCCCTCGACC TCGAGATCCA TTGTGCTGGC GCGGATTCTT TATCACTGAT

[FIG. 6-2]<u>FIG. 6B</u>

2301	AAGTTGGTGG	ACATATTATG	TTTATCAGTG	ATAAAGTGTC	AAGCATGACA
2351	AAGTTGCAGC	CGAATACAGT	GATCCGTGCC	GCCCTAGACC	TGTTGAACGA
2401	GGTCGGCGTA	GACGGTCTGA	CGACACGCAA	ACTGGCGGAA	CGGTTGGGGG
2451		GGCGCTTTAC			
2501		CCGAAGCCAT			
2551		GACGACTGGC			
2601		GCTGCTCGCC			
2651		ACCAGTTCTG			
2701		AAGGAACCTT			
2751		GATTTAAAGC			
2801		AACTACTGAT			
2851		GATGAATGGG			
2901		CTCAGAAGAA			
2951	GACTCTCAAC	ATTCTACTCC	TCCAAAAAAG	AAGAGAAAGG	TAGAAGACCC
3001		CCTTCAGAAT			
3051	GTAATAGAAC	TCTTGCTTGC	TTTGCTATTT	ACACCACAAA	GGAAAAAGCT
3101	GCACTGCTAT	ACAAGAAAAT	TATGGAAAAA	TATTCTGTAA	CCTTTATAAG
3151	TAGGCATAAC	AGTTATAATC	ATAACATACT	GTTTTTCTT	ACTCCACACA
3201	GGCATAGAGT	GTCTGCTATT	AATAACTATG	CTCAAAAATT	GTGTACCTTT
3251	AGCTTTTAA	TTTGTAAAGG	GGTTAATAAG	GAATATTTGA	TGTATAGTGC
3301	CTTGACTAGA	GATCATAATC	AGCCATACCA	CATTTGTAGA	GGTTTTACTT
3351					ATAAAATGAA
3401					GGTTACAAAT
3451					TTCACTGCAT

[FIG. 6-3]<u>FIG. 6C</u>

3501	TCTAGTTGTG	GTTTGTCCAA	ACTCATCAAT	GTATCTTATC	ATGTCTGGAI
3551	CCTGTGGAAT	GTGTGTCAGT	TAGGGTGTGG	AAAGTCCCCA	GGCTCCCCAG
3601	CAGGCAGAAG	TATGCAAAGC	ATGCATCTCA	ATTAGTCAGC	AACCAGGTGT
3651	GGAAAGTCCC	CAGGCTCCCC	AGCAGGCAGA	AGTATGCAAA	GCATGCATCT
3701	CAATTAGTCA	GCAACCATAG	TCCCGCCCCT	AACTCCGCCC	ATCCCGCCCC
3751	TAACTCCGCC	CAGTTCCGCC	CATTCTCCGC	CCCATGGCTG	ACTAATTTTT
3801	TITATITATG	CAGAGGCCGA	GGCCGCCTCG	GCCTCTGAGC	TATTCCAGAA
3851	GTAGTGAGGA	GGCTTTTTG	GAGGCCTAGG	CTTTTGCAAA	AAGCTAATTC

[FIG 6-4]<u>FIG. 6D</u>

	AGACTCTCAGGCCTTGGCAGGTGCGTCTTTCAGTTCCCCTCACACTTCGGGTTCCTCGGG	(60)
	GAGGAGGGGCTGGAACCCTÁGCCCATCGTCAGGACAAAGÁTGCTCAGGCTGCTCTTGGCT METLEUÁRGLEULEUALA	(120)
	CTCAACTTATTCCCTTCAATTCAAGTAACAGGAAACAAGATTTTGGTGAAGCAGTCGCCC LEUASNLEUPHEPROSERILEGLNVALTHRGLYASNLYSILELEUVALLYSGLNSERPRO	(180)
10	ATGCTTGTAGCGTACGACAATGCGGTCAACCTTAGCTGCAAGTATTCCTACAATCTCTTC METLEUVALALATYRASPASNALAVALASNLEUSERCYSLYSTYRSERTYRASNLEUPHE	(240)
30	TCAAGGGAGTTCCGGGCATCCCTTCACAAAGGACTGGATAGTGCTGTGGAAGTCTGTGTT SERARGGLUPHEARGALASERLEUHISLYSGLYLEUASPSERALAVALGLUVALCYSVAL	(300)
50	GTATATGGGAATTACTCCCAGCAGCTTCAGGTTTACTCAAAAACGGGGTTCAACTGTGAT VALTYRGLYASNTYRSERGLNGLNLEUGLNVALTYRSERLYSTHRGLYPHEASNCYSASP	(360)
70	GGGAAATTGGGCAATGAATCAGTGACATTCTACCTCCAGAATTTGTATGTTAACCAAACA	(420)
90	GLYLYSLEULYASMILUSERVALTINITETTINEEDSETCHOCHO GATATTTACTTCTGCAAAATTGAAGTTATGTATCCTCCTCCTTACCTAGACAATGAGAAG ASPILETYRPÆCYSLYSILEGLUVALMETTYRPROPROPROTYRLEUASPASMGLULYS	(480)
	AGCAATGGAACCATTATCCATGTGAAAGGGAAACACCTTTGTCCAAGTCCCCTATTTCCC SERASNGLYTHRILEILEHISVALLYSGLYLYSHISLEUCYSPROSERPROLEUP+EPRO	(540)
110	GGACCTTCTAAGCCCTTTTGGGTGCTGGTGGTGGTGGTGGAGTCCTGGCTTGCTATAGC GCACCTTCTAAGCCCTTTTGGGTGCTGGTGGTGGTGGTGGTGGAGTCCTGGCTTGCTATAGC GLYPROSERLYSPROPHETRPVALLEUVALVALVALGLYGLYVALLEUALACYSTYRSER GLYPROSERLYSPROPHETRPVALLEUVALVALVALGLYGLYVALLEUALACYSTYRSER	(600)
130	TTGCTAGTAACAGTGGCCTTTATTATTTTCTGGGTGAGGAGTAAGAGGAGCAGGCTCCTG LEULEUVALTHRVALALAPHEILEILEPHETRPVALARGSERLYSARGSERARGLEULEU	(660)
150	CACAGTGACTACATGAACATGACTCCCCGCCGCCCCGGGCCCACCCGCAAGCATTACCAG HISSERASPTYRMETASNMETTHRPROARGARGPROGLYPROTHRARGLYSHISTYRGLN	(720)
170	CCCTATGCCCCACCACGCGACTTCGCAGCCTATCGCTCCTGACACGGACGCCTATCCAGA	(780)
190	PROTYRALAPROPROARGASPPHEALAALATYRARGSEREND 202 AGCCAGCCGGCTGGCAGCCCCCATCTGCTCAATATCACTGCTCTGGATAGGAAATGACCG	(840)
	CCATCTCCAGCCGGCCACCTCAGCCCCTGTTGGGCCACCAATGCCAATTTTTCTCGAGTG	(900)
	ACTAGACCAÁATATCAAGATCATTTTGAGÁCTCTGAAATGAAGTAAAAGÁGATTTCCTGT	(960)
	GACAGGCCAAGTCTTACAGTGCCATGGCCCACATTCCAACTTACCATGTACTTAGTGACT	(1020)
	TGACTGAGAAGTTAGGGTAGAAAACAAAAAAGGGAGTGGATTCTGGGAGCCTCTTCCCTTT	(1080)

CTCACTCACCTGCACATCTCAGTCAAGCAAAGTGTGGTATCCACAGACATTTTAGTTGCA	(1140)
GAAGAAAGGCTAGGAAATCATTCCTTTTGGTTAAATGGGTGTTTAATCTTTTGGTTAGTG	(1200)
GAAGAAAGGCTAGGAAGTTAGAGTAGGGGGGGGGATAGGAAGACATATTTAAAAAACCATTA	(1260)
AAACACTGTCTCCCACTCATGAAATGAGCCACGTAGTTCCTATTTAATGCTGTTTTCCTT	(1320)
TAGTTTAGAÁATACATAGACATTGTCTTTTATGAATTCTGATCATATTTÄGTCATTTTGÁ	(1380)
TAGTTTAGAAATACATAGACATTGTCTTTTATGVVTTCTGTCAAAGCAATATCAGGTAAACCAAGT	(1440)
CCAAATGAGGGATTTGGTCAAATGAGGGATTCCCTCAAAGCAATATACTTTCGAAA	(1500)
TGCTTTCCTCACTCCCTGTCATGAGACTTCAGTGTTAATGTTCACAATATACTTTCGAAA	1=-
GAATAAAATÄGTTC (1514)	

[FIG. 7-2]<u>FIG. 7B</u>

TAGACCCAGAGAGGCTCAGCTGCACTCGCCCGGCTGGGAGAGCTGGGTGTGGGGAACATG MET	(60)
GCCGGGCCTCCGAGGCTCCTGCTGCTGCCCCTGCTTCTGGCGCTGGCTCGCGGCCTGCCT ALAGLYPROPROARGLEULEULEUPROLEULEULEUALALEUALAARGGLYLEUPRO	(120)
CCCCCCTCCCTCCCCAAGGTAAGAGCTTCCCAGGCTCTCCATGGCCACAGCTCCGGAGC	(180)
GLYALALEUALAALAGLN / TCTCCCTGCCCCATGAGCTCAGAGCCCCCAGTCTGAGCCACAGCCCCCAGGAAGC	(240)
GGGTGGGGTGCTGAGCGGCCTCCAGTGTCTGAGGACTCATTTAAGAGAAAGGAAAAAAGGGT	(300)
GGGTGGGGTGCTGAGCGGCCTCCAGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGT	(360)
CCCACAGTCTCGGAACACGAGGACAGCACCTCCCCCAACACCACAGCCGGTGCCCAGATC	(420)
TGCTCCATGCCCCGTAAGGCACCGTGTCTTTGGCGACATGTCAGCCCTGGGCTGTCTCAG	(480)
GGCCCCACCÀTCCCCACCACTGTCCCCTGCAGGGAGGACÀTTCTCTGTCCTTCTGGCCAG	(540)
ACTGATGGTGACAGCCCAGGTCCTCCCAGAGGTGCAGCAGTCTCCCCACTGCACGACTGT ACTGATGGTGACAGCCCAGGTCCTCCCAGAGGTGCAGCAGTCTCCCCACTGCACGACTGT GLUVALGLNGLNSERPROHISCYSTHRTHRVA	(600)
CCCCGTGGGAGCCTCCGTCAACATCACCTGCTCCACCAGCGGGGGCCTGCGTGGGATCTA	(660)
CCTGAGGCAGCTCGGGCCACAGCCCCAAGACATCATTTACTACGAGGACGGGGTGGTGCC	(720)
CACTACGGACAGACGGTTCCGGGGCCGCATCGACTTCTCAGGGTCCCAGGACAACCTGAC	(780)
TATCACCATGCACCGCCTGCAGCTGTCGGACACTGGCACCTACACCTGCCAGGCCATCAC RILETHRWETHISARGLEUGLNLEUSERASPTHRGLYTHRTYRTHRCYSGLNALAILETH	(840)
GGAGGTCAATGTCTACGGCTCCGGCACCCTGGTCCTGGTGACAGAGGAACAGTCCCAAGG GGAGGTCAATGTCTACGGCTCCGGCACCCTGGTCCTGGTGACAGAGGAACAGTCCCAAGG RGLUVALASNVALTYRGLYSERGLYTHRLEUVALLEUVALTHRGLUGLUGLNSERGLNGL	(900)
ATGGCACAGATGCTCGGACGCCCCACCAAGGGCCTCTGCCCTCCCT	(960)
CTCCGCCCTCCCTGACCCGCAGACAGCCTCTGCCCTCCCT	(1020)
CCTCCCTGCGGCCCTGGCGGTGATCTCCTTCCTCCTCGGGCTGGGGCTGGGGGTGGCGTG ALEUPROALAALALEUALAVALILESERPHELEULEUGLYLEUGLYLEUGLYVALALACY ALEUPROALAALALEUALAVALILESERPHELEULEUGLYLEUGLYVALALACY	(1080)

TGTGCTGGCGAGGACACAGATAAAGAAACTGTGCTCGTGGCGGGATAAGAATTCGGCGGC SVALLEUALAARGTHRGLNILELYSLYSLEUCYSSERTRPARGASPLYSASNSERALAAL	(1140)
ATGTGTGTGTACGAGGACATGTCGCACAGCCGCTGCAACACGCTGTCCTCCCCCAACCA ACYSVALVALTYRGLUASPNETSERHISSERARGCYSASNTHRLELSERSERPROASNGL	(1200)
GTACCAGTGACCCAGTGGGCCCCTGCACGTCCCGCCTGTGGTCCCCCCAGCACCTTCCCT	(1260)
GCCCACCATGCCCCCACCCTGCCACCCCTGCTGCTGTCCTCCCACGGCTGCAG	(1320)
CACACTTTGAACGGCCCAGCEGTGCCCAGCTCCAAGCAGACACACAGGCAGTGGCCAGGC	(1380)
CCCACCGTCCTTCTCAGTGGACAATGATGCCTCCTCCGGGAAGCCTTCCCTGCCCAGCCC	(1440)
ACCCCCCCCCCCGGCAGGAAGCCTGACTGTCCTTTGGCTGCATCTCCCGACCATGGCCAAG	(1500) (1560)
GAGGGCTTTTCTGTGGGATGGGCCTGGCACGCGGCCCTCTCCTGTCAGTGCCGGCCCACC	(1620)
CACCAGCAGCCCCCAACCCCCAGGCAGCCCGGCAGAGGACGAGGACCAGTCCCCCCCC	(1020)
ACCCAGCCGTACCAGAAATAAAGGCTTCTGTGCTTCAAAAAAAA	

[FIG. 8-2]<u>FIG. 8B</u>

	CCCAAATGTCTCAGAATGTATGTCCCAGAAACCTGTGGCTGCTTCAACCATTGACAGTTT METSERGLNASNVALCYSPROARGASNLEUTRPLEULEUGLNPROLEUTHRVALL	(60)
	METSERGLNÁSNVALCYSPROARGASNELOTTE GEODES -29 TGCTGCTGCTGCTGCAGACAGTCAAGCTGCAGCTCCCCCAAACGCTGTGCTGAAAC TGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCAGACAGTCAAGCTGCAGCTCCCACACGCGG EULEULEUALASERALAASPSERGLNÁLAALAALAAPROPROLYSÁLAVALLEULYSL -1 +1	(120)
	EU FUL EU FUAL ASERALANSI SURVEY -1 +1	(180)
10	EUGLUPROPROTRETLESSITIONS	(240)
30	LAARCSERPRUULWERGS SE SEE SE SACCOCCOCACTAC ACCTGCC	(300)
50	ISTHRGLNPRUSERT TRANGET ZETO CHU	(360)
70	LNIHRGLYGLNIHROERLEGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	(420)
90	TGCTCCAGACCCCTCACCTGGAGTTCCAGGAGGGAGAAACCATCATGCTGAGGTGCCACA TGCTCCAGACCCCTCACCTGGAGTTCCAGGAGGGAGAAACCATCATGCTGAGGTGCCACA TGCTCCAGACCCTCACCTGGAGTTCCAGGAGGGAGAAACCATCATGCTGAGGGTGCCACA ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	(480)
110	GCTGGAAGGACAAGCCTCTGGTCAAGGTCACATTCTTCCAGAATGGAAATCCCAGTUTT	(540)
-	TCTCCCGTTTGGATCCCACCTTCTCCATCCCACAAGCAAACCACAGTCACAGTGATATTTTTCTCCCGTTTGGATCCCACACCACAGCAAACCACAGTCACAGTGATATTTTTTTT	
130	ACCACTGCACAGGAAACATAGGCTACACGCTGTTCTCATCCAAGCCTGTGACCATCACTG ACCACTGCACAGGAAACATAGGCTACACGCTGTTCTCATCCAAGCCTGTGACCATCACTG YRHISCYSTHRGLYASNILEGLYTYRTHRLEUPHESERSERLYSPROVALTHRILETHRV	(600)
150	YRHISCYS I HRULYASNILLEGET THAT THE TOTAL	(660)
170	ALGLNVALPROSERVETGLTGGTGGTGGTGAAAAGC	(720)
190	LA HRALAVALALAILEYADIG	(780)
210) RGILESERALASING THE RESIDENCE AND RESIDENC	(840)
230	O LINETILEALAILEARGEISMOGELE	(900)
25	O LNVETĪLEĀLAILEARGLYSARGGINLOGOGOGO ACGGGGGCTĀCATGACTCTGAACCCCAGGGCACCTACTGĀCGATGATAAĀAACATCTACĊ O SPGLYGLYTYRVETĪHRLEUASNPROARGALAPROTHRĀSPĀSPĀSPĻYSĀSNĪLETYRL	

	(960)
TGACTCTTCCTCCCAACGACCATGTCAACAGTTAACAGTTAACAGTTAACGAACAGTTAACGAACAGTTAACGAACAGTTAACGAACAGAGGGGAATTGTTAAAGGAACAGAGGGGAATTGTTAAAGGAACAATACCTT	(1020)
TGGTCATACTCTCAGCTTGCTGAGTGGACAAAACCACCTGGCCCTTAGAAATAGCTT	(1080)
TTAAATGGAĞACTGGAAAAATCCTGAGCAAAACAAAACCACCTGGCCCTTAGAAATAGCTT	(1140)
TAACTTTGCTTAAACTACAAACACAAGCAAAACTTCACGGGGTCATACTACATACA	(1200)
TAAGCAAAACTTAACTTGGATCATTTCTGGTAAATGCTTATGTTAGAAATAAGACAACCC	(1260)
CAGCCAATCACAAGCAGCCTACTAACATATAATTAGGTGACTAGGGACTTTCTAAGAAGA	(1320)
TACCTACCCCAAAAAACAATTATGTAATTGAAAACCAACC	(1380)
CCACATTTTCCCAATAAATACTTGCCTGTGACATTTTGCCTGTGACAGAGTCTCAATCTG GAATTGCGCCTCAGATTTTTCCTTTAACATCTTTTTTTTT	(1440)
GAATTGCGCCTCAGATTTTTCCTTTAACATCTTTTTTTTT	(1500)
TTACCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTGCTATCTTGGCTCTCGGATTAGAGGCATGTGCCATCATAC TAAGCGATTCTCATGCCTCAGCCTCCCAGTAGCTGGGATTAGAGGCATGTGCCAATGTT	(1560)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1620)
CCAGCTAATTTTGTATTTTTTATTTTTTTTTAGTAGAGAGAG	(1680)
GGCCAGGCCGATCTCGAACTTCTGGCCTCTAGGGTTGACATCTTCTTTCCTATGCC GCTGGGATGACCAGCATCAGCCCCAATGTCCAGCCTCTTTAACATCTTCTTTCCTATGCC	(1740)
GCTGGGATGACCAGCATCAGCCCCAATGTCCTGCCTTCTCCATGCTGAGAACAAAATCACCTA CTCTCTGTGGATCCCTACTGCTGGTTTCTGCCTTCTCCATGCTGAGAACAAAATCACCACA	(1800)
CTCTCTGTGGATCCCTACTGCTGGTTTCTGGCTTGTGTGTG	(1860)
TTCACTGCTTATGCAGTCGGAAGCTCCAGVIG VIG VIG VIG VIG VIG VIG VIG VIG VIG	(1920)
TTAAGTCTCCATTGTTTTGCCTTGGGATTTGTGTGATGCTGCAGTTCCAAAAGAGA TATTTCCTGGACTAAATTCCCCCTTGGGGAAGACGAAGGGGATGCTGCAGACGAGAC	(1980)
TATTTCCTGGACTAAATTCCCCTTGGGGTVGTGAGAGCTCCETGTCCTGAAAGCCCACAGAC AGGACTCTTCCAGAGTCATCTACCTGAGTCCCAAAGCTCCETGTCCTGAAAGCCCACAGAA	(2040)
AGGACTCTTCCAGAGTCATCTACCTGAGTCGGGGGGGTCTTCTTGACATCAAGAA AATATGGTCCCAAATGACTGACTGCACCTTCTGTGCCTCAGCCGTTCTTGACATCAAGAA	(2100)
AATATGGTCCCAAATGACTGACTGCACCTTCTGTGGGACCACTGTTATTAACAGATG TCTTCTGTTCCACATCCACACAGCCAATACAATTAGTCAAACCACTGTTATTAAACAGATG	(2160)
-in a la contratotta CAGGTTACATGAGAGCAATCATGTAAGTCTATAT	
TAGCAACATGAGAAACGCTTATGTTACAGGTTACAACAACAAATTAAAAGTGATTGTTTCAA	(2280)
CGTGAAAAAA (2290)	

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FIG. 9-2]<u>FIG. 9-B</u>

[FIG. 11-1]FIG. 11-A	AGCCCCCGGGTCCTAGAGGTGGACACGCAGGGGACCGTGGIC SerProArgValLeuGluValAspThrGlnGlyThrValVal (+211)	
CCTTTGTCCTGCCAGCGACTCCCCCACAACTTGTC hrPheValLeuProAlaThrProProGlnLeuVal		601
GGTGCTGCTCCGTGGGGAAGGAG Va LeuLeuArgG yG uLysG u (+131) TGTGGGGAGCCCGCTGAGGTCACGACCACGGTGCTGATGAGGAGATCACCATGGAGCC	CGGGCCAACCTCACCGT ArgAlmAsnLeuThrVa CTGAAACGGGAGCCAGC LeuLysArgGluProAl	481
TACCCTACGCTGCCAGGIGGAGGGIGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	GAACTGGCACCCCTCCC GluLeuAlaProLeuPro	361
AATGTGCAAGAAGAIAUCCAACCAACCASTYrSerAsnCysProAspGlyGlnSerIhr AsnValGlnGluAspSerGliProMetCysTyrSerAsnCysProAspGlyGlnSerIhr CGTGTACTGGACTCCAGAACGGGTG -ValTyrTrpThrProGluArgVal (+91)	AAGGTGTATGAACTGAGCAATGTGCAAGAAGAIAGCCAACCAACCAACCAACCAACCAACCAA	241
A SA STATE A A A CT OC CTGAT GGGCAGT CAACA	CCGTTGCCTAAAAAGGAGTTGCTCCTGCCTGGGAACAACCGG ProleuProlyslysGluleuleuleuProGlyAsnArg (+61)	
TGTGACCAGCCCAAGTTGTTGGGCATAGAGACC CysAspGlnProLysLeuLeuGlyIleGluThr	(-2b) GGACCTGGCAATGCCCAACTCTGTGTCCCCCTCAAAAGTC GIyProGlyAsnAlaGlnThrSerValSerProSerLysVal GlyProGlyAsnAlaGlnThrSerValSerProSerLysVal (+11) (+11) ATCCTGCCCGGGGAGGCTCCGTGCTGGTGACATGCAGCACCTCCTGTGACCAGCCCAAGTTGTTGGGCATAGAGACC ATCCTGCCCCGGGGAGGCTCCGTGCTGTGACATGCAGCACCTCCTGTGACAGCCAAGTTGTTGGGIyIleGluThr	121
SCACTCCTGGTCCTCGGGGCTCTGTTCCCA NaleuleuValLeuLeuGlyAlaLeuPhePro	CTCAGCCTCGCTATGGCTCCCAGCAGCCCCGGCCCGCGCTGCCCGCACTCCTGGTCCTGCTCGGGGCTCTGTTCCCAA WetalaProSerSerProArgProAlaLeuProAlaLeuLeuValLeuLeuGlyAlaLeuPhePro	

PheproleuprolleglygluserValThrValThrArgAspLeuGluGlyThrTyrLeuCysArgAlaArgSerThr 1201 CGACTGGACGAGAGGGATTGTCCGGGAAACTGGACGTĠGCCÁGAAATTCCCAGCAGACTCCAATGTGCCAGGCTTGG ArgLeuAspGluArgAspCysProglyAsnTrpThrTrpProGluAsnSerGlnGlnThrProWetCysGlnAlaTrp LeuleulysAlaThrProGluAspAsnGlyArgSerPheSerCysSerAlaThrLeuGluValAlaGlyGlnLeuIle CTGACGAAGCCAGAGGTCTCAGAAGGGACCGAGGTGACAGTGTGAGTGTGAGGCCCACCCTAGAGCCAAGGTGACGCTG LeuThrLysProGluValSerGluGlyThrGluValThrValLysCysGluAlaHisProArgAlaLysValThrLeu AGTGTGACCGCAGAGGACGAGGGCACCCAGCGGCTGACGTGTGCAGTAATACTGGGGAACCAGAGCCAGGAGACACTG SerValThrAlaGluAspGluGlyThrGlnArgLeuThrCysAlaValIleLeuGlyAsnGlnSerGlnGluThrLeu CysSerLeuAspGlyLeuPheProValSerGluAlaGlnValHisLeuAlaLeuGlyAspGlnArgLeuAsnProThr TGTTCCCTGGACGGGCTGTTCCCAGTCTCGGAGGCCCAGGTCCACCTGGCACTGGGGGACCAGAGGTTGAACCCCACA [FIG. 11-2]FIG. 11-B GInThrValThrIleTyrSerPheProAlaProAsnValIle GInGlyGluValThrArgGluValThrValAsnValLeuSer CAAGGGGAGGTCACCCGCGAGGTGACCGTGAATGTGCTCTCC GlyAsnProLeuProGluLeuLysCysLeuLysAspGlyThr (+411)GGGAACCCATTGCCCGAGCTCAAGTGTCTAAAGGATGGCACT HisLysAsnGInThrArgGluLeuArgValLeuTyrGlyPro CACAAGAACCAGACCCGGGAGCTTCGTGTCCTGTATGGCCCC (+371)AATGGGGTTCCAGCCAACTGGGCCCGAGGGCCCAGCTC AsnGlyValProAlaGinProLeuGlyProArgAlaGinLeu (+331)(+291)CAGACAGTGACCATCTACAGCTTTCCGGCGCCCAACGTGATT (+251)GTCACCTATGGCAACGACTCCTTCTCGGCCAAGGCCTCAGTC ValThrTyrGlyAsnAspSerPheSerAlaLysAlaSerVal 721

1561 GCCCAAAAAGGGACCCCCATGAAACCGAACACACAAGCCACGCCTCCCTGAACCTATCCCGGGACAGGGCCTCTTCCT ProArgTyrGluIleValIleIleThrValValValAlaAlaVal_laeMetGlyThrAlaGlyLeuSerThrTyrLeu 1441 CCCCGGTATGAGATTGTCATCATCACTGTGGTAGCAGCCGCAGTCATAATGGGCACTGCAGGCCTCAGCACGTACCTC CGGCCTTCCCATATTGGTGGCAGTGGTGCCACACTGAACAGA TATAACCGCCAGCGGAAGATCAAGAAATACAGACTACAAÄÄAG TyrAsnArgGlnArgLysIleLysLysTyrArgLeuGlnGln (+491)

[FIG. 11-3]FIG. 11-C

1801 GGCCACGCATCTGATCTGTAGTCATGACTAAGCCAAGAGGAAGG AACAGCATTTGGGGCCATGGTACCTGCACACCTAAAACACTA

1	GGAGAGTC TGACCACCAT GCCACCTCCT CGCCTCCTCT TCTTCCTCCT
51	CTTCCTCACC CCCATGGAAG TCAGGCCCGA GGAACCTCTA GTGGTGAAGG
101	TOGA AGAGGG AGATAACGCT GTGCTGCAGT GCCTCAAGGG GACCTCAGAI
151	COCCCACTO AGCAGOTGAO CTGGTCTCGG GAGTCCCCGC TTAAACCCTT
201	CTTABAACTC AGCCTGGGGC TGCCAGGCCT GGGAATCCAC ATGAGGCCCC
	TOGGCATCTG GCTTTTCATC TTCAACGTCT CTCAACAGAT GGGGGGCTTC
251	TACCTGTGCC AGCCGGGGCC CCCCTCTGAG AAGGCCTGGC AGCCTGGCTG
301	GACAGTCAAT GTGGAGGGCA GCGGGGAGCT GTTCCGGTGG AATGTTTCGG
351	ACCTACCTCC CCTCCGCTGT GGCCTGAAGA ACAGGTCCTC AGAGGGCCCC
401	ACCTCCCTE CCGGGAAGCT CATGAGCCCC AAGCTGTATG TGTGGGCCAA
451	ACACCCCCT GAGATCTGGG AGGGAGAGCC TCCGTGTGTC CLACCGAGGG
501 551	ACACCOTGAA CCAGAGCCTC AGCCAGGACC TCACCATGGC CCCTGGCTCC
601	ACACTOTOGO TOTOCTOTOGO GOTACCOCCT GACTOTOGO CCAGGGGGCCC
651	CCTCTCCTGG ACCCATGTGC ACCCCAAGGG GCCTAAGTCA TTGCTGAGCC
701	TACACCTGAA GGACGATCGC CCGGCCAGAG ATATGTGGGT AATGGAGACG
751	COTOTOTTOT TOCCCOGGGC CACAGCTCAA GACGCTGGAA AGTATTATTG
801	TEACCOTOGE AACCTGACCA TGTCATTCCA CCTGGAGATC ACTGCTCGGC
851	CACTACTATE GCACTGGCTG CTGAGGACTG GTGGCTGGAA GGTCTCAGCT
901	CTCACTTTCS CITATCTGAT CTTCTGCCTG TGTTCCCTTG TGGGCATTCT
951	TCATCTTCAA AGAGCCCTGG TCCTGAGGAG GAAAAGAAAG CGAATGACTG
1001	ACCOCACCAG GAGATTOTTO AAAGTGACGO CTCCCCCAGG AAGUGUGUCU
1051	CACAACCACT ACCCCAACGT GCTGTCTCTC CCCACACCCA CCTCACGCCT
1101	CONCOCCO CAGOGTTGGG CCGCAGGCCT GGGGGGCALT GLCCCGTCTT
1151	ATGGAAACCC GAGCAGCGAC GTCCAGGCGG ATGGAGCCTT GGGGTCCCGG

[FIG. 12-1]<u>FIG. 12-A</u>

	AGCCGCCGGG AGTGGGCCCA GAAGAAGAGG AAGGGGAGGG CTATGAGGAA
1201	CCTGACAGTG AGGAGGACTC CGAGTTCTAT GAGAACGACT CCAACCTTGG
1251	CCTGACAGTG AGGAGGACTC CGAGTTCTAT GAGAGACCCCTCACCATG
1301	GCAGGACCAG CTCTCCCAGG ATGGCAGCGG CTACGAGAAC CCTGAGGATG
1351	AGCCCCTGGG TCCTGAGGAT GAAGACTCCT TCTCCAACGC TGAGTCTTAT
1.101	GAGAACGAGG ATGAAGAGCT GACCCAGCCG GTCGCCAGGA CAATGGACTT
-	CCTGAGCGCT CATGGGTCAG CCTGGGACCC CAGCCGGGAA GCAACCTCCC
1451	TEGGGTCCCA GTCCTATGAG GATATGAGAG GAATCCTGTA TGCAGCCCCC
1501	TGGGGTCCCA GTCCTATGAG GATATGAGA GATATGATC ACCAAGATGC
1551	CAGCTCCGCT ECATTCGGGG CCAGCCTGGA CCCAATCATG AGGAAGATGC
1601	AGACTECTAT GAGAACATGG ATAATCCCGA TGGGCCAGAC CCAGCCTGGG
	GAGGAGGGG CCGCATGGGC ACCTGGAGCA CCAGGTGATC CTCAGGTGGC
1651	CAGCCTGGAT CTCCTCAAGT CCCCAAGATT CACACCTGAC TCTGAAATCT
1701	CAGCCTGGAT CTCCTCAAGT CCCCAATGT TCCTTAGGAT
1751	GAAGACCTCG AGCAGATGAT GCCAACCTCT GGAGCAATGT TGCTTAGGAT
1801	GTGTGCATGT GTGTAAGTGT GTGTGTGTGT GTGTGTGTGT
1851	ATACATGCCA GTGACACTTC CAGTCCCCTT TGTATTCCTT AAATAAACTC
	AATGAGCTCT TCCAAAAAAA AAAA
1901	AATGAGETET TECHNOLOGY

[FIG. 12-2]<u>FIG. 12-B</u>

1 ACAAAGACAA ACTGCACCCA CTGAACTCCG CAGCTAGCAT CCAAATCAGC
COTTOACATT TOACCOCTOTTG GAGACTCAGG AGTTTTGAGA GCAAAATGAC
51 CCTIGAGATT TGAGGGCTTG GTON 101 AACACCCAGA AATTCAGTAA ATGGGACTTT CCCGGCAGAG CCAATGAAAG
101 AACACCCAGA AATTCAGTTT THE STANDARD CACTCTTCAG GAGGATGTCT
151 GCCCTATTGC TATGCAATCT GGTGGTTTCTTC ATGAGGGAAT CTAAGACTTT 201 TCACTGGTGG GCCCCACGCA AAGCTTCTTC ATGAGGGAAT CTAAGACTTT
201 TCACTGGTGG GCCCCACGCA AAGCTTOTT CCACATTGCC CTGGGGGGTC 251 GGGGCCTGTC CAGATTATGA ATGGGCTCTT CCACATTGCC CTGGGGGGTC
251 GGGGGCTGTC CAGATTATGA ATGGGCTCTT CGAGTGTGTGG 301 TTCTGATGAT CCCAGCAGGG ATCTATGCAC CCATCTGTGT GACTGCTGGG
301 TTCTGATGAT CCCAGCAGGG ATCTATGGAC CCATCTGGG CACTCCTGGC
301 TTCTGATGAT CCCAGCAGGG ATTATTATT ATTTCCGGAT CACTCCTGGC 351 TACCCTCTCT GGGGAGGCAT TATGTATATT ATTTCCGGAT CACTCAGAGGA AAAATGATAA
401 AGCAACGGAG AAAAACTCCA GGAAGTGTTT GGTCAAAGGA AAAATGATAA
401 AGCAACGGAG AAAAACTCGA GOTT CTGGAATGAT TCTTTCAATC 451 TGAATTCATT GAGCCTCTTT GCTGCCATTT CTGGAATGAT TCTTTCAATC
451 TGAATICATT GAGCCTCTTT GOTTO 501 ATGGACATAC TTAATATTAA AATTTCCCAT TTTTTAAAAA TGGAGAGTCT
- IT ACACCTCACA CACCATATAT TAACATATAC AACTOTONO
TOTAL CICTOAGAAA AACTCCCCAT CTACCCAATA CIGITACAGE
THE TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL CATTERIA GIGAIGUIGA ICITIOCCIT
TICLOSAL CITCIALIAG CIGGCATCGT TGAGAAIGAA TUUWWWWW
ACCEMATICT AACATAGTTC TCCTGTCAGC ACAGGGGGGG
CTATTCAAAT AAAAGAAGAA GTGGIIGGG IAACIGAAA
TOTAL COMMONATO AAGAAGACAT IGAAAITATI COMMONATO
ACAACA GAGACGAACT TICCAGAACC TCCCCATO
CACCAATAGA AAATGACAGC TCTCCITAAG IGATITOTIC
TICCTITITE AAACATTAGT GTICATAGET TECANONOMO
1001 TGTTTTCTGT TTCCTTTTT 700G.TACTCTG CACATACGCA CCACATCTCT 1051 ATGCTGACTT TCATTTCTTG AGGTACTCTG CACATACGCA CCACATCTCT
1051 ATGCTGACTT TCATTICTIC AGGIACTORS

[FIG. 13-1]<u>FIG. 13-A</u>

	TACATTGAAT
1101	ATCTGGCCTT TGCATGGAGT GACCATAGCT CCTTCTCTCT TACATTGAAT
1171	GTAGAGAATG TAGCCATTGT AGCAGCTTGT GTTGTCACGC TTCTTCTTTT
1121	TAGAATGTG
1201	GAGCAACTTT CTTACACTGA AGAAAGGCAG AATGAGTGCT TCAGAATGTG
1051	ATTTCCTACT AACCTGTTCC TTGGATAGGC TTTTTAGTAT AGTATTTTT
1251	ATTICONE PROGRAMME CACTOCACCT GATGGAAAAG
1301	TTTGTCATTT TCTCCATCAG CAACCAGGGA GACTGCACCT GATGGAAAAG
1251	ATATATGACT GCTTCATGAC ATTCCTAAAC TATCTTTTT TTATTCCACA
1221	ATATATORE CONTINUE ATACTTA A A CAATGATGCA
	TCTACGTTTT TGGTGGAGTC CCTTTTTATC ATCCTTAAAA CAATGATGCA
1451	AAAGGGCTTT AGAGCACAAT GGATCT .

[FIG. 13-2]<u>FIG. 13-B</u>

1 CCCAAATGTC TCAGAATGTA TGTCCCAGAA ACCTGTGGCT GCTTCAACCA 51 TTGACAGTTT TGCTGCTGCT GGCTTCTGCA GACAGTCAAG CTGCAGCTCC 101 CCCAAAGGCT GTGCTGAAAC TTGAGCCCCC GTGGATCAAC GTGCTCCAGG 151 AGGACTCTGT GACTCTGACA TGCCAGGGG CTCGCAGCCC TGAGAGCGAC 201 TCCATTCAGT GGTTCCACAA TGGGAATCTC ATTCCCACCC ACACGCAGCC 251 CAGCTACAGG TTCAAGGCCA ACAACAATGA CAGCGGGGAG TACACGTGCC 301 AGACTGGCCA GACCAGCCTC AGCGACCCTG TGCATCTGAC TGTGCTTTCC 351 GAATGGCTGG TGCTCCAGAC CCCTCACCTG GAGTTCCAGG AGGGAGAAAC 401 CATCATGCTG AGGTGCCACA GCTGGAAGGA CAAGCCTCTG GTCAAGGTCA 451 CATTOTTOCA GAATGGAAAA TOCCAGAAAT TOTCCCGTTT GGATCCCACC TTCTCCATCC CACAAGCAAA CCACAGTCAC AGTGGTGATT ACCACTGCAC 551 AGGAAACATA GGCTACACGC TGTTCTCATC CAAGCCTGTG ACCATCACTG TCCAAQTGCC CAGCATGGGC AGCTCTTCAC CAATGGGGAT CATTGTGGCT GTGGTCATTG CGACTGCTGT AGCAGCCATT GTTGCTGCTG TAGTGGCCTT 601 GATCTACTGC AGGAAAAAGC GGATTTCAGC CAATTCCACT GATCCTGTGA AGGCTGCCCA ATTTGAGCCA CCTGGACGTC AAATGATTGC CATCAGAAAG 701 801 AGACAACTTG AAGAAACCAA CAATGACTAT GAAACAGCTG ACGGCGGCTA 851 CATGACTCTG AACCCCAGGG CACCTACTGA CGATGATAAA AACATCTACC TGACTCTTCC TCCCAACGAC CATGTCAACA GTAATAACTA AAGAGTAACG 951 TTATGCCATG TGGTCATACT CTCAGCTTGC TGAGTGGATG ACAAAAAGAG GGGAATTGTT AAAGGAAAAT TTAAATGGAG ACTGGAAAAA TCCTGAGCAA 1051 ACAAAACCAC CTGGCCCTTA GAAATAGCTT TAACTTTGCT TAAACTACAA 1101 ACACAAGCAA AACTTCACGG GGTCATACTA CATACAAGCA TAAGCAAAAC 1151 TTAACTTGGA TCATTTCTGG TAAATGCTTA TGTTAGAAAT AAGACAACCC 1201 CAGCCAATCA CAAGCAGCCT ACTAACATAT AATTAGGTGA CTAGGGACTT 1251 TCTAAGAAGA TACCTACCCC CAAAAAACAA TTATGTAATT GAAAACCAAC 1301 CGATTGCCTT TATTTTGCTT CCACATTTTC CCAATAAATA CTTGCCTGTG 1351 ACATTITGCC ACTGGAACAC TAAACTTCAT GAATTGCGCC TCAGATTTTT 1401 CCTTTAACAT CTTTTTTTT TTTGACAGAG TCTCAATCTG TTACCCAGGC 1451 TGGAGTGCAG TGGTGCTATC TTGGCTCACT GCAAACCCGC CTCCCAGGTT 1501 TAAGCGATTC TCATGCCTCA GCCTCCCAGT AGCTGGGATT AGAGGCATGT 1551 GCCATCATAC CCAGCTAATT TTTGTATTTT TTATTTTTT TTTTTAGTAG 1601 AGACAGGGTT TCGCAATGTT GGCCAGGCCG ATCTCGAACT TCTGGCCTCT 1651 AGCGATCTGC CCGCCTCGGC CTCCCAAAGT GCTGGGATGA CCAGCATCAG

[FIG. 15-1]FIG. 14-A

1701 CCCCAATGTC CAGCCTCTTT AACATCTTCT TTCCTATGCC CTCTCTGTGG
1751 ATCCCTACTG CTGGTTTCTG CCTTCTCCAT GCTGAGAACA AAATCACCTA
1801 TTCACTGCTT ATGCAGTCGG AAGCTCCAGA AGAACAAAGA GCCCAATTAC
1851 CAGAACCACA TTAAGTCTCC ATTGTTTTGC CTTGGGATTT GAGAAGAGA
1901 TTAGAGAGGT GAGGATCTGG TATTTCCTGG ACTAAATTCC CCTTGGGGAA
1901 GACGAAGGGA TGCTGCAGTT CCAAAAGAGA AGGACTCTTC CAGAGTCATC
2001 TACCTGAGTC CCAAAGCTCC CTGTCCTGAA AGCCACAGAC AATATGGTCC
2001 CAAATGACTG ACTGCACCTT CTGTGCCTCA GCCGTTCTTG ACATCAAGAA
2001 TCTTCTGTTC CACATCCACA CAGCCAATAC AATTAGTCAA ACCACTGTTA
2101 TCTTCTGTTC CACATCCACA CAGCCAATAC AATTAGTCAA ACCACTGTTA
2101 CACATCATGT AAGTCTATAT GACTTCAGAA ATGTTAAAAT AGACTAACCT
2201 GCAATCATGT AAGTCTATAT GACTTCAGAA ATGTTAAAAAT AGACTAACCT
CTAACAACAA ATTAAAAAGTG ATTGTTTCAA GGTGAAAAAA

[FIG. 15-2]<u>FIG. 14-B</u>

1 GCTGTGACTG CTGTGCTCTG GGCGCCACTC GCTCCAGGGA GTGATGGGAA TCCTGTCATT CTTACCTGTC CTTGCCACTG AGAGTGACTG GGCTGACTGC 101 AAGTCCCCCC AGCCTTGGGG TCATATGCTT CTGTGGACAG CTGTGCTATC 151 CCTGGCTCCT GTTGCTGGGA CACCTGCAGC TCCCCCAAAG GCTGTGCTGA AACTCGAGCC CCAGTGGATC AACGTGCTCC AGGACGACTC TGTGACTCTG 251 ACATGCCGGG GGACTCACAG CCCTGAGAGC GACTCCATTC AGTGGTTCCA CAATGGGAAT CTCATTCCCA CCCACACGCA GCCCAGCTAC AGGTTCAAGG 351 CCAACAACAA TGACAGCGGG GAGTACACGT GCCAGACTGG CCAGACCAGC 401 CTCAGCGACC CTGTGCATCT GACTGTGCTT TCTGGTCAGT GGAGGAAGGC CCCAGGGTGG ACCTGGGAGG GCCAGGACGG ATGAAATCTG CTTTCAGGCA GAGGTTTGCA GGAAAGGGGG GTGGCCTGCT TACTGGGAAG TATCGCTGTG 551 AGTTGCCTCA GCACATATCA GTGGTTGTTT TTGCCTCAGT TCTGATTGAA 601 CAGAAGAAGG TTTCAAGGCC AAAAACAGGC AGCCAAGTGT GAGAGAAGCA 651 GAAGGAAATC CCTACTGCAT AAAACCCATT TCCATTTTAA TGGCAGAATT 701 GAAAAGCACA GACCACAACT GAATCCTAGC CCTGGAAATG ACTCACTATA 751 CAACATGATG AATTCATTTA ACCCTTGAGT TTCCATTTCT TCACCTGCTC 801 CGTGGGGCAC TAACGCCTCC CTCAGAGGCT TCTGGTGAGA ATCAGTGTTT 851 CCCTGCCCCC GCCCCGCCCT CCATGCCCCT TCTCCACGTT CTCACTGTGC 901 TAGGTGCTCT TCTCTGTCTT TCTCTTCCAC CAGCCTGTGG GAAACCTGAG 951 ATGAAAGTCG TGTCTTACCC ATCTTTGTAT TTCCAGCATC TGAAACTGGG 1001 CAGAGCTTAA TAAATATTTT GCTGGAGAGG TTGATGATCT TACAAAGCTC 1051 CCATTGAAAG GTGGCTCTCT GTAAAGCAAA GTTACAATGA GATTGTGATG 1101 AACATTGTCC TTGTGGCTTT TCACTTAGTC CCCTCCCTTC ACCTGAAGAG 1151 CAAATTTTCC TCAAAAGTAC ACAGCAAACG AATGACCCAC TGGTGACACT 1201 GTTGCCTTTA GACCCTGCTG GAAAGAAGCT CCACATTTAT TAACATTCCC 1251 GAAGTAAATT TATCAGGTAG CATTCATCAG GTAACATTTG TTGCACATTC 1301 ATGACTTTTC TACTGTCCAC AAAGGCATAT GTCCTTATCA TATGCGGACT 1351 CCTCGGTCAC ACTGGATTCT TCCTTCCCTC CTCGACATGG AAGAGATGGC 1401 ATCTTAGGGT CTCTTGTGTT CTTCCTGCAG AGGCCTGTCG GGCAGGAAAA 1451 GGCTGCAGCT GCCTTCCTGG GAGAAGGAGG AGATGAGTGT ATCCTGAACA 1501 CCTATTATGT GCTAGGGGCT ATTGTAGATA CATGACACTA TCATGCTCAT 1551 TTTCACGAAT GAGGAAACTG AGGCTCAGAA GACTTAAATT ATTTGCCCAA 1601 GAGTTATAAA TGACAGAGCC AGCATTAGAG TCCAGGACTG TCTGATTTCA 1651 GACCTAAGCT GTTCCCTCTG CACATCGTGT CCCACCAGTA AGGAAGATCT

1751 1801 1851 1901 1951 2001 2051 2101	GGGTCTCAGA GCTGAGCCAA GACCTCCCGG GTCCTCTGCG GTTTTTGTG TCTTTCAGÁG TGGCTGGTGC TCCAGACCCC TCACCTGGAG TTCCAGGAGG GAGAAACCAT CGTGCTGAGG TGCCACAGCT GGAAGGACAA GCCTCTGGTC AAGGTCACAT TCTTCCAGAA TGGAAAATCC AAGAAATTTT CCCGTTCGGA TCCCAACTTC TCCATCCCAC AAGCAAACCA CAGTCACAGT GGTGATTACC ACTGCACAGG AAACATAGGC TACACGCTGT ACTCATCCAA GCCTGTGACC ATCACTGTCC AAGCTCCCAG CTCTTCACCG ATGGGGATCA TTGTGGCTGT GGTCACTGGG ATTGCTGTAG CGGCCATTGT TGCTGCTGTA GTGGCCTTGA TCTACTGCAG GAAAAAGCGG ATTTCAGGTT TGTAGCTCCT CCCGGTCCCT TTTGTTATCA GTTTCCACTT T
2151	TITGITATCA GITTCCACTI

[FIG. 16-2]<u>FIG. 15-B</u>

GCCTCCCTCG GGCGCCCAGT GGTCCTGCCG CCTGGTCTCA CCTCGCCATG GTTCGTCTGC CTCTGCAGTG CGTCCTCTGG GGCTGCTTGC TGACCGCTGT 101 CCATCCAGAA CCACCCACTG CATGCAGAGA AAAACAGTAC CTAATAAACA GTCAGTGCTG TTCTTFGTGC CAGCCAGGAC AGAAACTGGT GAGTGACTGC 201 ACAGAGTTCA CTGAAACGGA ATGCCTTCCT TGCGGTGAAA GCGAATTCCT 251 AGACACCTGG AACAGAGAGA CACACTGCCA CCAGCACAAA TACTGCGACC CCAACCTAGG GCTTCGGGTC CAGCAGAAGG GCACCTCAGA AACAGACACC 351 ATCTGCAÇCT GTGAAGAAGG CTGGCACTGT ACGAGTGAGG CCTGTGAGAG CTGTGTCCTG CACCGCTCAT GCTCGCCCGG CTTTGGGGTC AAGCAGATTG 451 CTACAGGGGT TTCTGATACC ATCTGCGAGC CCTGCCCAGT CGGCTTCTTC 501 TCCAATGTGT CATCTGCTTT CGAAAAATGT CACCCTTGGA CAAGCTGTGA 551 GACCAAAGAC CTGGTTGTGC AACAGGCAGGC ACAAACAAGA CTGATGTTGT 601 CTGTGGTCCC CAGGATCGGC TGAGAGCCCT GGTGGTGATC CCCATCATCT 651 TCGGGATCCT GTTTGCCATC CTCTTGGTGC TGGTCTTTAT CAAAAAGGTG 701 GCCAAGAAGC CAACCAATAA GGCCCCCCAC CCCAAGCAGG AACCCCAGGA 751 GATCAATTIT CCCGACGATC TTCCTGGCTC CAACACTGCT GCTCCAGTGC 801 AGGAGACTTT ACATGGATGC CAACCGGTCA CCCAGGAGGA TGGCAAAGAG 851 AGTCGCATCT CAGTGCAGGA GAGACAGTGA GGCTGCACCC ACCCAGGAGT 901 GTGGCCACGT GGGCAAACAG GCAGTTGGCC AGAGAGCCTG GTGCTGCTGC TGCAGGGGTG CAGGCAGAAG CGGGGAGCTA TGCCCAGTCA GTGCCAGCCC CTC

[FIG. 17]<u>FIG. 16</u>